Second Term

Gr.6 Grammar

English 4 All <u>Unit 7</u> المبني للمجهول Passive

Ali eats an apple فاعل فعل مفعول * لتحويل جملة للمجهول نأتي بـ: 1- المفعول is / are -2 3- التصريف الثالث

Ali eats an apple. 1 2 3 An apple is eaten by Ali. Nasser buys a car.

1 2 3 <u>A car is bought.</u> <u>Nada sees the films</u> every day.

EX. Choose the correct answer :

Everything (does - is done – are done) in a good way at home. The dishes (is cleaned – are cleaned - cleaned) well. Food (are cooked – is cooked - cooks) and served nicely. The babies (fed – are fed – is fed) with some delicious food.

Change into passive:

1. Hind cooks the food. *The food is cooked*.

2. Salim watches a film. *A film is watched by Salim*

3. Huda washes the dishes. The dishes are washed by Huda.

<u>Unit 8</u>			
		فعل في الصدر بدون اضافات + will / won't / might / could	
1. v	vill	= I <u>will</u> meet you tomorrow	
2.			
3. v	von'i	t اکید) = I <u>won't</u> play in the street.	
4. n	nigh	t	
5. c	coula	<i>d</i> (إمكانية) = He studies hard. He <u>could</u> pass the exam.	

<u>Used for</u> يستعمل في (ing – فعل) A knife is <u>used for</u> cutt**ing** meat.

Correct:

- 1. A racket is used for *playing* tennis.
- 2. A camera is used for *taking* photos.
- 3. Goggles are used for *swimming* in the sea.

Choose the correct answers:

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Tomorrow is a holiday. I (will - won't - could) go to school. I'm sure I (will - might - could) go shopping with my mum. I might (buy - buys - buying) a new camera. It's used for (take - takes - taking) photos.

1- He will travel to Dubai next week. (Ask)
When will he travel to Dubai?
Where will he travel next week?
2- I will help you in the project tomorrow. (Negate)

I won't help you in the project tomorrow.

<u>Unit 9</u> الماضى البسيط Past Simple

= يتكون الماضى البسيط من التصريف الثاني:

.I play**ed** football **yesterday**

.My mother cleaned the house last week

.We went to the zoo two days ago

.Life was easy in the past

= يأتي الماضي البسيط مع:

yesterday	أمس	last	الماضىي
ago	منذ	In the past	في الماضىي

EX. Choose the correct answer:

I spent a nice time last Summer holiday. I (travel - travelled -am travelling) to London with my family. We (go - went - goes) there by plane. We (stayed – stay – staying) in an expensive hotel. We (visits - visited - visit) many interesting places there.

Do as shown between brackets:

1. My mother cooked fish yesterday.	(Make negative)
My mother <mark>didn't cook</mark> fish yesterday.	
2. Ali bought a new iPad two days ago.	(Ask a question)
What did Ali buy two days ago ? When did Ali buy a new iPad? 3. Omar traveled to London last month.	(Make negative)
Omar didn't travel to london last month.	
4. Omar traveled to London last month.	(Ask a question)
Where did Omar travel last month?	When did Omar travel to London?

السؤال المذيل Tag Question

يأتي السؤال القصير في نهاية الجملة بمعني (أليس كذلك؟) ويتكون من:	*
1- فعل مساعد.	
n't -2 إذا لم توجد بالجملة.	
3- ننتهي كما نبدأ.	

1. You are from Kuwait, aren't you?

2. She is a doctor, isn't she?

1. You like fish, don't you?

2. Ali speaks English well, doesn't he?

3. Mona travelled to Qatar, didn't she?

Add question tags:

1. We can swim, can't we?

- 2. They will travel to Qatar, won't they?
- 3. Our teacher wasn't at school, was he? / was she?
- 4. The picture is on the wall, isn't it?
- 5. Omar would like to be a doctor, wouldn't he?
- 6. We love our country, don't we?
- 7. Ahmed looks smart, doesn't he?
- 8. Aya went to the club, didn't she?

Do as shown in brackets:

4. The boy is playing tennis now, isn't he? (Tag question)

5. Ahmed watched a nice film yesterday. Ahmed didn't watch a nice film yesterday. (negative)

14- He (buy) a nice car last week.bought.... (correct)

<u>Unit 10</u>

* نضيف للفعل ing بعد:

good at / look forward to / like...

Choose the correct answer:

My sister is good (in - at - on) painting. She likes (draw – drawing – draws) nice pictures. She is also good at (reading – reads – read) English stories. She looks forward to (be – is – being) an artist.

(am / is / are + going to + verb) تستخدم *

للتعبير عن شيء سوف يحدث في المستقبل:

I am going to watch a film tonight.

He is going to buy football shoes tomorrow.

They are going to have an exam next week.

Choose the correct answer:

Yesterday, my friend (is - are - was) ill so I (am going to – is going to – going to) visit her tomorrow. I'm going to (buy – bought – buying) her some flowers. She (is - am - are) going to be happy.

Do as shown between Brackets:

(Ask)
(Negative)
(Ask)
(Ask)

Unit 11

الصفاتThe adjectives

* Ali is tall.	 * عند وصف شخص نأتي بالصفة كما هي.
** Ali is tall <u>er than</u> Salim.	** عند المقارنة بين اثنين نأتي بـ er than بعد الصفة.
*** Ali is <u>the</u> tall <u>est</u> boy.	*** عند تفضيل واحد على مجموعة نأتي بـ the قبل الصفة و est بعدها .

good** better than*** the best.*Sami is good.** Ahmed is better than Sami.*** Ali is the best boy

Choose the correct answers

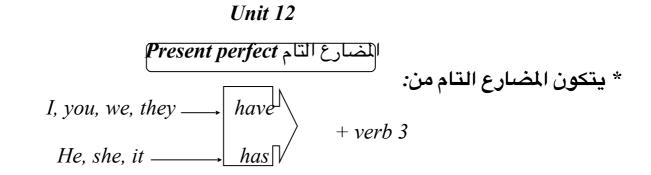
My school is a (nice – nicer – nicest) place where I can learn and meet my friends. It is one of the (bigger – big – biggest) schools in the area. My friend Sara is one of the (good – best – better) handball players at the school team. Although she is (shorter than – short – the shortest) me, she knows very well how to score .goals

Choose the correct answer :

Sara is my best friend. I'm (older – old – oldest) than her. But, she is (tall – taller – tallest) than me. She likes English .She thinks it's the (easy – easiest – easier) subject. She is the (clever – cleverest – cleverer) one of my friends.

نقوم بإعطاء التعليمات باستخدام فعل الأمر (Imperative): (Turn right – Turn left – Go straight on)

Do as shown in brackets: 5. Ali is (tall) than Ahmad. (correct) taller (correct) 6. The nearest supermarket is next to the hospital. (ask a question) Where is the nearest supermarket? (correct) 7. Jahra is the (large) city in Kuwait. (correct) largest (correct)



		ع:	* يأتي المضارع التام م
already	فعلا / تماما	notyet	ليسبعد
	ى الإثبات	مع المضارع التام فر	- تستخدم already

I have *already* been to Dubai.

- تستخدم yet مع المضارع التام في النفي و السؤال

I have<u>n't</u> been to England <u>yet</u>. Have you been to Dubai <u>yet?</u>

Choose the correct answers:

My mother (*invited - inviting – invites*) many guests to a weekend gathering at our home yesterday. My sister told me to help my mother in the kitchen, but I (*have - am - has*) already helped her. We finished cooking, but we (*hasn't - haven't – aren't*) made the cake yet. All the guests came except my friend Salma who hasn't come (*already - yet - never*).

Our Science teacher asked us to do a project about water. I (have – has – is) already finished my project. My friend Sara (has – hasn't - haven't) done it yet. My teacher hasn't seen it (already – yet – since) .My father has (help-helped – helping) me to finish on time.

Do as shown between brackets :

1- My sister(already send) me a nice postcard.	(correct the verb)	
has already sent		
2- Hassan has already bought a new Ipad.	(Make negative)	
Hassan hasn't bought a new IPad yet.		
3- We have already cooked the lunch.	(Make negative)	
We haven't cooked the lunch yet.		