# Essential Readings in Light Metals

VOLUME 4

Electrode Technology for Aluminum Production

Edited by Alan Tomsett and John Johnson



WILEY

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# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Preface
Editorial Teamxxi
Part 1: Hall-Héroult Cell Carbon Anodes
Section Introduction
Raw Materials: Coke
Calcined Coke from Crude Oil to Customer Silo
Refinery Feedstocks, Coke Structures and Aluminum Cell Anodes
Coker Feedstock Characteristics and Calcined Coke Properties
Quality and Process Performance of Rotary Kilns and Shaft Calciners
High Vanadium Venezuelan Petroleum Coke, A Rawmaterial for the Aluminum Industry?
Use of Shot Coke as an Anode Raw Material
Influence of High Sulphur Cokes on Anode Performance
Carbon Raw Material Effects on Aluminum Reduction Cell Anodes
A Comprehensive Determination of Effects of Calcined Petroleum Coke Properties on Aluminum Reduction Cell Anode Properties
A Comprehensive Review of the Effects of Calcination at Various Temperatures on Coke Structure and Properties – Part 2
<ul> <li>E. Hardin, C. Beilharz, P. Ellis, and L. McCoy</li> <li>Influence of Coke Real Density on Anode Reactivity Consequence on Anode Baking</li></ul>
Coke Calcination Levels and Aluminum Anode Quality
Impact of Coke Calcination Level and Anode Baking Temperature on Anode Properties

Use of Under-Calcined Coke for the Production of Low Reactivity Anodes J. Lhuissier, L. Bezamanifary, M. Gendre, and M. Chollier	109
Anode Filler Coke Porosity Studies P. Rhedey	114
Desulphurization and Its Effect on Calcined Coke Properties R. Garbarino and R. Tonti	119
Influence of Petroleum Coke Sulphur Content on the Sodium Sensitivity of Carbon Anodes S. Hume, W. Fischer, R. Perruchoud, J. Metson, and R. Baker	123
A Review of Coke and Anode Desulfurization L. Edwards, K. Neyrey, and L. Lossius	130
Coke and Anode Desulfurization Studies L. Lossius, K. Neyrey, and L. Edwards	136
Minimizing Impact of Low Sulfur Coke on Anode Quality A. Adams, R. Cahill, Y. Belzile, K. Cantin, and M. Gendron	142
Evaluating Calcined Coke for Aluminum Smelting by Bulk Density D. Belitskus	148
Maintaining Consistent Anode Density Using Varying Carbon Raw Materials S. Wilkening	156
Coke Blending and Fines Circuit Targeting at the Alcoa Deschambault Smelter M. Gendron, S. Whelan, and K. Cantin	163
Raw Materials: Pitch	
Worldwide Pitch Quality for Prebaked Anodes R. Perruchoud, M. Meier, and W. Fischer	167
Coal Tar Pitch – Past, Present, and Future J. Baron, S. McKinney, and R. Wombles	177
Electrode Binder Pyrolysis and Bond-Coke Microstructure S. Jones and R. Hildebrandt	182
Binder for the Ideal Anode Carbon S. Jones and E. Bart	
Binding Characteristics of Coal Tar Pitches for Prebaked Anode Mix - Choice Criteria: LRF Report 830 J. Pinoir and P. Hyvernat	215
The Influence of Solid Particles in Pitch on the Preparation and Baking of the Carbon Blocks <i>G. Romovacek</i>	
Performance of Binder Pitches With Decreased QI-Content in Anode Making: Formation - Nature - Properties and Substitution of Quinoline Insolubles	
Temperature Stability of Søderberg Anode Pitch	239

Developing Coal Tar/Petroleum Pitches	
<b>Raw Materials: Spent Carbon</b>	
Investigation of the Quality of Recycled Anode Butts	
Interdependence Between Properties of Anode Butts and Quality of Prebaked Anodes	
<b>Raw Material and Anode Characterization</b>	
New Methods for Testing Raw Materials for Anode Carbon Paste	
Standardization of a Calcined Coke Bulk Density Test	
Reactivity Testing of Anode Carbon Materials	

Characterization of Prebaked Anode Carbon by Mechanical and Thermal Properties	
J. Brown and P. Rhedey	

# **Green Anode Production**

Aggregate Optimization Using a Y-Blender <i>R. Peterson</i>	. 307
Soderberg Paste. Effect of Fine Fraction Variations P. Stokka and I. Skogland	
Finer Fines in Anode Formulation F. Figueiredo, C. Cato, A. Nascimento, A. Marques, and P. Miotto	318
Process Adaptations for Finer Dust Formulations: Mixing and Forming K. Hulse, R. Perruchoud, W. Fischer, and B. Welch	322
Effects of Mixing Variables and Mold Temperature on Prebaked Anode Quality D. Belitskus	328
Improving Anode Quality by Separately Optimising Mixing and Compacting Temperature B. Coste	333
Vibration Forming of Carbon Blocks E. Sandvik, R. Blindheim, and H. Bø	339
Cooling of Green Anodes After Forming W. Fischer, M. Meier, and M. Lustenberger	351
Recent Improvement in Paste Plant Design: Industrial Application and Results	358
Going Beyond SPC – Why We Need Statistical Thinking in Operations Such as Carbon Plants	365

Properties and Behaviour of Green Anodes S. Wilkening	
Potentialities in the Paste Plant S. Wilkening	
<b>Baked Anode Production</b>	
Mathematical Simulation of a Horizontal Flue Ring Furnace R. Bui, E. Dernedde, A. Charette, and T. Bourgeois	
Flue Gas Management W. Leisenberg	
Safe Operation of Anode Baking Furnaces I. Holden, O. Saeter, F. Aune, and T. Naterstad	
Anode Baking: The Underestimated Human Aspect F. Keller, P. Sulger, and W. Fischer	
Specific Energy Consumption in Anode Bake Furnaces F. Keller, P. Sulger, M. Meier, D. Severo, and V. Gusberti	
Evaluation of the Uniformity of Baking in Horizontal and Vertical Flue Ring Furnaces D. Holdner, S. Nadkarni, and D. DuTremblay	
Measurement and Control of the Calcining Level in Anode Baking Furnaces T. Foosnaes, N. Kulset, H. Linga, G. Naeumann, and A. Werge-Olsen	
The Equivalent Temperature Method for Measuring the Baking Level of Anodes L. Lossius, I. Holden, and H. Linga	
Baking Parameters and the Resulting Anode Quality W. Fischer, F. Keller, R. Perruchoud, and S. Oderbolz	
Anode Desulphurization on Baking M. Vogt, K. Ries, and M. Smith	
The Effect of Prebake Anode Baking Temperature on Potroom Performance G. Bain, J. Pruneau, and J. Williams	
Influence of Baking Temperature and Anode Effects Upon Carbon Sloughing E. Cutshall and V. Bullough	
Influence on Anode Baking Temperature and Current Density Upon Carbon Sloughing E. Cutshall	
Anode Reactivity Influence of the Baking Process C. Dreyer	
Modern Anode Baking Furnace Developments F. Keller and J. Disselhorst	
Strategies for the Revision of Bake Furnaces F. Keller	

# **Rodded Anode Production and Anode Design**

Temperature and Voltage Measurements in Hall Cell Anodes <i>R. Peterson</i>	500
Studies of Stub to Carbon Voltage R. Peterson	510
Factors in the Design of Reduction Cell Anodes D. Brooks and V. Bullough	516
Anode Cast Iron Thickness Optimization M. Ohlswager, G. Goeres, and R. Peterson	524
Drilling of Stub Holes in Prebaked Anodes B. Aga, I. Holden, H. Linga, and K. Solbu	529
Problems of the Stub-Anode Connection S. Wilkening and J. Côté	534
Challenges in Stub Hole Optimisation of Cast Iron Rodded Anodes D. Richard, P. Goulet, O. Trempe, M. Dupuis, and M. Fafard	543
Real Time Temperature Distribution during Sealing Process and Room Temperature Air Gap Measurements of a Hall- Héroult Cell Anode O. Trempe, D. Larouche, D. Ziegler, M. Guillot, and M. Fafard	549
Effects of Carbonaceous Rodding Mix Formulation on Steel-Carbon Contact Resistance P. Rhedey and L. Castonguay	555
Anode Deufeumenes, Decetivity, Fundementals	

# Anode Performance: Reactivity Fundamentals

Anode Carbon Reactivity S. Jones and R. Hildebrandt	
Studies on Anode Reactivity to Oxidant Gases J. Rey Boero	
Some Practical Consequences of Analyses of the Carboxy and Airburn Reactions of Anode Carbons N. Bird, B. McEnaney, and B. Sadler	
A Porosimetric Study of Sub-Surface Carboxy Oxidation in Anodes B. Sadler and S. Algie	
Studies of the Impact of Vanadium and Sodium on the Air Reactivity of Coke and Anodes J. Rolle and Y. Hoang	

# Anode Performance: Dusting

A Review of Factors Affecting Carbon Anode Consumption in the Electrolytic Production of Aluminum	611
P. Rhedey	
Reflections on the Carbon Consumption of Prebaked Anodes	623
S. Wilkening	

Anode Dusting in Hall-Heroult Cells	
The Influence of Low Current Densities on Anode Performance	
Dust Generation and Accumulation for Changing Anode Quality and Cell Parameters	
Anode Dusting from a Potroom Perspective at Nordural and Correlation with Anode Properties	
The Reduction in Anode Airburn with Protective Covers	
Reactivity and Electrolytic Consumption of Anode Carbon with Various Additives	
Bath Impregnation of Carbon Anodes    673 <i>R. Perruchoud, M. Meier, and W. Fischer</i>	
Anode Performance: Thermal Shock	
Effects of Coke and Formulation Variables on Cracking of Bench Scale Prebaked Anode Specimens	
Thermal Shock in Anodes for the Electrolytic Production of Aluminium	

Operating Parameters Affecting Thermal Shock Cracking of Anodes in the Valco Smelter N. Ambenne and K. Ries	694
Thermal Shock of Anodes – A Solved Problem? M. Meier, W. Fischer, R. Perruchoud, and L. Gauckler	700
Extrinsic and Intrinsic Aspects of Anode Cracking	710

An Approach for a Complete Evaluation of Resistance to Thermal Shock (Part 1): Applying to the Case of Anodes and Cathodes	
C. Dreyer and B. Samanos	
Finite Element Modelling of Thermal Stress in Anodes P. Cook	723
Recommended Reading	

T. Liu, L. Edwards, C. Hughes, B. Mason, and R. McMellon

# Part 2: Hall-Héroult Cell Cathodes

# **Cell Lining: Cathodes**

ISO Standards for Testing of Cathode Materials	. 741
H. Øye	

Laboratory Testing of Carbon Cathode Materials at Operational Temperatures M. Sørlie and H. Øye	.747
Structural Changes in Carbon by Heat Treatment S. Brandtzaeg, H. Linga, and H. Øye	.754
Low Electrical Resistivity and High Thermal Conductivity Carbon Products: The Solution for Cell Lining D. Dumas and C. Michel	.762
Aluminium Pechiney Experience with Graphitized Cathode Blocks D. Lombard, T. Béhérégaray, B. Fève, and J. Jolas	.773
Some Experiments in Cathode Carbon S. Wilkening	.779
How to Improve the Pig Iron Sealing of Metallic Bars in Cathode Carbon Blocks I. Letizia, C. Bizzarri, and M. Lezzerini	.787
Stress Analysis of Cathode Bottom Blocks B. Larsen and M. Sørlie	.793
Experimental Comparison of Cathode Rodding Practices L. Caruso, K. Rye, and M. Sørlie	.799

# Cell Lining: Ramming Paste

Compaction of Room Temperature Ramming Paste M. Sørlie and H. Øye	804
Densification of Ramming Paste in Cathodes M. Sørlie, B. Faaness, and J. Belmonte	814
Investigation into the Expansion/Contraction Behaviour of Cold Ramming Pastes during Baking Using a Horizontal Dilatometer Method B. Hocking	821
Ramming Paste Related Failures in Cathode Linings B. Faaness, H. Gran, M. Sørlie, and H. Øye	827

# **Cell Lining: Refractories**

Corrosion and Behaviour of Fireclay Bricks of Varying Chemical Composition Used in the Bottom Lining of Reduction Cells <i>F. Brunk</i>	834
Experiences with Dry Barrier Powder Materials in Aluminium Electrolysis Cells OJ. Siljan, O. Junge, T. Svendsen, and K. Thovsen	840
Cathode Refractory Materials for Aluminium Reduction Cells C. Schøning, T. Grande, and O. Siljan	849
Evaluation of Silicon Carbide Bricks A. Tabereaux and A. Fickel	857
Quality Evaluation of Nitride Bonded Silicon Carbide Sidelining Materials E. Skybakmoen, L. Stoen, J. Kvello, and O. Darell	866

SiC in Electrolysis Pots: An Update <i>R. Pawlek</i>	
Thermal Insulation Materials for Reduction Cell Cathodes A. Tabereaux	
<b>Cathode Performance: Failure Modes</b>	
Use of Cell Autopsy to Diagnose Potlining Problems R. Jeltsch	
Processes Occurring in the Carbon Lining of an Aluminum Reduction Cell J. Waddington	894
A Study of Some Aspects of the Influence of Cell Operation on Cathode Life C. Clelland, J. Keniry, and B. Welch	903
Potlining Failure Modes M. Dell	909
Design of Highly Reliable Pot Linings J. Peyneau	914
Early Failure Mechanisms in Aluminium Cell Cathodes M., J. Hvistendahl, and H. Øye	921
A Comparative Examination of Ageing of Cathodes: Amorphous Versus Graphitic Type <i>E. Berhauser and J. Mittag</i>	
Property Changes of Cathode Lining Materials during Cell Operation M. Sørlie, H. Gran, and H. Øye	936
<b>Cathode Performance: Chemical Reactions</b>	
Reaction Between Carbon Lining and Hall Bath	946
Penetration of Sodium and Bath Constituents into Cathode Carbon Materials Used in Industrial Cells C. Krohn, M. Sorlie, and H. Øye	953
Chemical Resistance of Cathode Carbon Materials during Electrolysis M. Sørlie and H. Øye	960
The Effect of Current Density on Cathode Expansion during Start-Up A. Ratvik, A. Støre, A. Solheim, and T. Foosnaes	966
Reactions in the Bottom Lining of Aluminium Reduction Cells A. Solheim, C. Schøning, and E. Skybakmoen	972
Chemical Degradation Map for Sodium Attack in Refractory Linings K. Tschöpe, J. Rutlin, T. Grande	978
<b>Cathode Performance: Erosion</b>	
Physical and Chemical Wear of Carbon Cathode Materials	984

Carbon Cathode Corrosion by Aluminium Carbide Formation in Cryolitic Melts
Erosion of Cathode Blocks in 180 kA Prebake Cells
Graphite Cathode Wear Study at Alouette
Electrolytic Degradation within Cathode Materials
Influence of Internal Cathode Structure on Behavior during Electrolysis Part II: Porosity and Wear Mechanisms in Graphitized Cathode Materials
Influence of Internal Cathode Structure on Behavior during Electrolysis Part III: Wear Behavior in Graphitic Materials 1023 P. Patel, M. Hyland, and F. Hiltmann
Spent Pot Lining
Formation and Distribution of Cyanide in the Lining of Aluminum Reduction Cells
Potlining Flux in Making Steel
Thermal Treatment of Spent Potliner in a Rotary Kiln

Treatment and Reuse of Spent Pot Lining, an Industrial Application in a Cement Kiln P. Personnet	1049
Co-Processing at Cement Plant of Spent Potlining from the Aluminum Industry V. Gomes, P. Drumond, J. Neto, and A. Lira	. 1057

Development Status of Processing Technology for Spent Potlining in China	064
Recommended Reading	067

# Part 3: Inert Anodes and Wettable Cathodes

# **Inert Anodes**

Solubilities of Oxides for Inert Anodes in Cryolite-Based Melts D. DeYoung	1073
Corrosion and Passivation of Cermet Inert Anodes in Cryolite-Type Electrolytes G. Tarcy	1082
Testing of Cerium Oxide Coated Cermet Anodes in a Laboratory Cell J. Gregg, M. Frederick, H. King, and A. Vaccaro	. 1094

A Non-Consumable Metal Anode for Production of Aluminum with Low Temperature Fluoride Melts <i>T. Beck</i>	1104
The Behaviour of Nickel Ferrite Cermet Materials as Inert Anodes E. Olsen and J. Thonstad	1110
Tin Dioxide-Based Ceramics as Inert Anodes for Aluminium Smelting: A Laboratory Study A. Vecchio-Sadus, D. Constable, R. Dorin, E. Frazer, I. Fernandez, G. Neal, S. Lathabai, and M. Trigg	1119
Inert Anodes: An Update <i>R. Pawlek</i>	1126

# Wettable Cathodes

The Application of the Refractory Carbides and Borides to Aluminum Reduction Cells <i>C. Ransley</i>	
Use of TiB <sub>2</sub> Cathode Material: Application and Benefits in Conventional VSS Cells L. Boxall, A. Cooke, and H. Hayden	
Use of TiB <sub>2</sub> Cathode Material: Demonstrated Energy Conservation in VSS Cells A. Cooke and W. Buchta	
A Review of RHM Cathode Development C. McMinn	1164
Properties of a Colloidal Alumina-Bonded TiB <sub>2</sub> Coating on Cathode Carbon Materials H. Øye, V. de Nora, J. Duruz, and G. Johnston	1171
Sodium and Bath Penetration into TiB <sub>2</sub> -Carbon Cathodes during Laboratory Aluminium Electrolysis J. Xue and H. Øye	
Wettable Cathodes: An Update <i>R. Pawlek</i>	
Recommended Reading	1191
Author Index	

# PREFACE

The *Light Metals* proceedings are widely recognized as the definitive reference for electrode technology for aluminum production. The papers published in 1963 (based on the 1962 symposium) and then annually from 1971 to the present contain the combined knowledge of both industry and international research institutes.

The 1962 New York symposium, organized by Robert Lewis (Kaiser) and Phillip Stroup (Alcoa), was remarkable in many ways. First, almost every primary aluminum producer in the Western world participated. Second, the openness and willingness to share and disclose internally developed research or practices of both basic and operational relevancy, which could conceivably be regarded as "proprietary" or "corporately advantageous," was surprising and illuminating. This new-found freedom and reciprocity for sharing information possibly reflected the pride each company had in its internal technological strength. It may also have been prompted by a company's hidden agenda in promoting an aspect of the Hall-Héroult process that was perceived to be superior to competitors and therefore, potentially marketable. The meeting comprised sessions on the Bayer process, fundamentals, modeling, modern developments in cell design, methods of analysis relating to the Hall-Héroult process, anode and cathode technology, new processes and materials. The contacts made by the subcommittees organizing the agenda paved the way for what was to emerge in the future. The quality of the papers and the rapport and camaraderie of the attendees at that symposium were so evident and stimulating that it became the precursor for the subsequent Light Metals Symposia at the Annual Meeting of The Minerals, Metals & Materials Society.

This collection of the papers published between 1963 and 2011 provides a single reference for electrode technologists. It can be used by those new to the industry and require a rapid introduction to the technology or by more experienced practitioners and researchers who need information of what has been done on an issue in the past.

An international team of experts with more than 300 years of combined experience in the industry was formed to review the papers in the *Light Metals* books. The team members have all been regular contributors to *Light Metals* as authors, session chairs and/or the electrode symposium chair. The selected papers are those that the team assessed as:

- important and have had a large influence on work,
- having had a large impact on the industry,
- describing breakthroughs in the science of electrode technology, and
- important review papers that bring together the thinking of key topics at the time, and have stood the test of time.

The papers that were considered for the volume were based on the current definition of electrode technology at the TMS Annual Meeting. This required some transfer of papers between reduction technology and electrode technology from earlier years. The papers have been separated into three distinct sections:

- 1. Hall-Héroult Cell Carbon Anodes, including all papers on anode raw materials, anode production, and anode performance
- 2. Hall-Héroult Cell Cathodes, including papers on reduction cell materials and reduction cell failure mechanisms, but not modeling or start-up

3. Inert Anodes and Wettable Cathodes, including all papers on materials and performance The papers have been sequenced to place like topics together and to have a technology rather than historical progression. It is expected that this will be a more usable format for the reader.

At the end of each section, there is an additional list of recommended reading on the topic. These are *Light Metals* papers that the editorial team believes are useful resources but could not be included in final volume due to the book production requirements.

The task of reviewing the papers was very large. Within electrode technology there have been 1,190 papers published between 1963 and 2011. We are extremely grateful to all the authors of these papers for recording their work in *Light Metals*. The time and efforts of the session and symposium chairs over the years for the review of papers and encouragement for the authors must

also be acknowledged.

This volume was only made possible with the outstanding contributions of the remainder of the editorial team:

- Carbon Anodes: Roy Cahill, Frank Cannova, Petter Lossius, Barry Sadler, and John Secasan
- Cathodes: Dick Jeltsch, Jeff Keniry, Steve Wood, and Roy Cahill
- Inert Anodes and Wettable Cathodes: Gary Tarcy and Greg Hardie

All have donated a significant amount of time and effort to the project. Our heartfelt thanks go to this team for its assistance in making this project a success. We must also recognize and thank the production team at TMS and Wiley led by Matt Baker for their support and efforts in formatting and digitizing the papers.

It has been a rewarding experience re-reading and selecting the papers included in this book. We have prepared a volume that will be used as a reference book for many years to come. It is, however, not the end of the development of electrode technology. Through reading these papers, we hope we inspire new authors from industry and universities to contribute to future *Light Metals* volumes.

Alan Tomsett John Johnson Lead Editors

# **LEAD EDITORS**



### **Alan Tomsett**

Alan Tomsett has more than 25 years of experience in carbon anode and cathode technology. He received his B.Sc. and Ph.D. in Chemical Engineering from the University of New South Wales in Sydney, Australia. Alan joined the Comalco Research Centre in Melbourne, Australia in 1987 and has held numerous positions at Comalco/Rio Tinto/Pacific Aluminium including Carbon R&D Manager, Program Director for the global Rio Tinto Alcan Carbon Team, and Carbon Technical Manager for the Rio Tinto Alcan Pacific Region. In these roles, he has provided technical support on process and raw materials to the Australasian Carbon Plants, led the material development program for the Comalco Drained Cathode Project, and evaluated carbon plant technologies for brownfield and greenfield expansions. Alan is now Technical Director for the Pacific Technology Centre, Pacific Aluminium. In this broader role, he provides technical support and advice across all areas of the Pacific Aluminium smelters. Alan has been a member of The Minerals, Metals & Materials Society since 1996 and has been the 2011 Electrode Symposium Chair, an Electrode Technology Session Chair, and Secretary of the TMS Aluminum Committee in 2011 and 2012. He is the coauthor of several TMS papers, has been a guest lecturer for the University of New South Wales/ University of Auckland Graduate Program in Smelting Technology, and a regular contributor to the Australasian Smelting Conference.

### John A. Johnson



John A. Johnson holds a B.A. in chemistry and M.S. in Chemical Engineering. He has 42 years of experience in the aluminum, specializing in prebake and VSS anode technology; design, prebake cell design and development, and currently heads his own consulting business. He joined Martin Marietta Aluminum (MMA) in 1971 where he held positions of laboratory manger, carbon superintendent, project engineer, and technical manager. He was responsible for implementation of Sumotomo and Mitsubishi Søderberg dry anode technology at MMA, and became the technical manager for Commonwealth Aluminum (Comalco). In 1987, he left the industry for four years to become the engineering and production manager for Injection Metal Molding Production where he was responsible for developing processes and programs for the powder injection molding technology used to form near net shape sintered metal parts. He joined Kaiser Aluminum International in 1990 as technical manager for Kaiser's project at the JSC Krasnoyarsk Aluminium Plant. Later, as Technical Manager, Kaiser Aluminum International, he was responsible for technology transfer and sales. In 2001 he joined UC RUSAL's Engineering and Technical Centre Ltd., Krasnoyarsk, Russia, where he held the positions of Head of Carbon Department, Manager of Carbon Projects, and Manager of the RA 300 and RA 400 Cell Development program through December 2008. He was the editor of Light Metals 2010, has been a TMS author, and is a former member of the TMS Light Metals Division Aluminum Committee where he held the positions of Chair and Co-Chair of the TMS Light Metals Electrode Technology for Aluminum Production Symposium.

# **EDITORIAL TEAM**



### **Roy Cahill**

Roy Cahill started in the aluminum business in 1996 with Reynolds Metals Company. Since that time he has had positions within Alcoa and Rio Tinto Alcan, and is now working for Pacific Aluminium. Roy has worked in areas ranging from alumina production, coke calcination, carbon anode production, and spent cathode treatment processes. He is currently the Principal Carbon Consultant at the Pacific Aluminium, Pacific Technology Centre in Brisbane, Australia. Roy holds a Ph.D. in Chemistry from Texas A&M University.



### **Frank Cannova**

Frank Cannova is presently the Technology Manager for BP's Coke and Bitumen Technology group based in Huntington Beach, California. Frank has worked in support of BP's (and previously ARCO's) refining operations for more than 30 years and has been leading BP's Coke Product Technology Support efforts since 2000. He has had a varied career in the industry, holding positions in technology, operations, engineering, maintenance, and business development. Frank has been a regular contributor to the TMS Electrode sessions, contributing multiple technical papers and serving frequently as a session chair. He is an Engineering Authority in BP, received a bachelor's degree in Chemical Engineering from the New Jersey Institute of Technology, obtained an MBA from the California State University at Fullerton, and is a licensed professional engineer.



# **Greg Hardie**

Greg Hardie is the Chief Technologist for Rio Tinto Alcan (RTA) Technology based in Voreppe, France. Greg joined Rio Tinto as a Research Metallurgist at the Cockle Creek Research facility in the Hunter Valley, Australia, in 1984. He has held numerous technical roles in the iron and aluminum divisions of Rio Tinto based in Germany, Western Australia, Tasmania, and Canada. Greg was Project Manager for the Comalco Coated Cell Project for more than 10 years. In his current role, Greg supports the development and implementation of new technology in RTA. Greg has a B.E. with First Class Honours in Chemical Engineering from the University of New South Wales.



### **Richard Jeltsch**

Richard Jeltsch is a graduate of Case Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio, with a Master of Science in Chemistry. He spent 22 years with Kaiser Aluminum in process engineering and environmental management, with the last 12 years at Kaiser's Primary Products Technical Center as Cathode Technology Specialist. Since leaving Kaiser, Richard has spent 10 years consulting with an international clientele in the area of cathode technology, specializing in cell life improvement and reduction cell autopsies. Richard has presented several papers at the TMS Annual Meeting and has been a lecturer on cathode technology for the TMS Aluminum Electrolysis course since 1999.



### Jeff Keniry

Jeff Keniry has been associated with aluminum smelting operations, project development, and technology for 35 years. Corporate roles have included Technical Manager with New Zealand Aluminium Smelters, and General Manager of Smelting R&D with Comalco Aluminium. He is currently Director of Alumination Consulting, based in Melbourne, Australia, and for the past 15 years has provided consulting services to some 25 international smelters on every continent. Jeff has degrees in Applied Science and Business Administration from Australian universities.



# **Lorentz Petter Lossius**

Lorentz Petter Lossius has an M.Sc. in instrumental analysis from the Norwegian University of Science and Technology (NTNU) and completed his Dr.ing. at NTNU in 1991 with the thesis "Removing Impurities from Secondary Alumina." He then spent a year as a post-doc at the Université de Fribourg, Suisse, studying the electrochemistry of batteries and three years with Harald A. Øye as a research assistant/group leader at SINTEF/NTNU. He joined Norsk Hydro in 1996 and is a principal engineer in the Anode Production section of the Hydro Aluminium Primary Metal Technology research unit; his main area is pilot scale anode development and laboratory operational support. He is Chair of the ISO Technical Committee 226 "Materials for the production of primary aluminium" and is Secretary of ASTM Sub-committee D02.05 "Properties of fuels, petroleum coke and carbon material." He is on the board of the Norwegian X-ray Conference. He has more than 30 published papers including the 2008 TMS Light Metals Division Electrode Technology section award-winning "Coke and Anode Desulfurization Studies" (co-authored with Les Edwards and Keith Neyrey), and the 2010 TMS Light Metals Division award-winning "Charcoal in Anodes for Aluminium Production" (co-authored with Bodil Monsen and Arne Petter Ratvik). Both studies are based on original work mostly performed at the Hydro pilot scale facility in Årdal, Norway.



# **Barry Sadler**

Barry Sadler has been involved in the aluminum industry for more than 30 years in a range of positions but always with a focus on anode carbon technology. He has a Ph.D. in Metallurgy, and commenced his career in 1982 at the Comalco Research Centre in Melbourne, Australia, before moving to Comalco's New Zealand Aluminium Smelter (NZAS) as Carbon Plant Manager in 1989. After more than 7 years at NZAS, Barry was appointed as a Corporate Technical General Manager at Comalco Aluminium's headquarters in Brisbane, Australia. Barry left Rio Tinto/Comalco in 2002 to set up Net Carbon Consulting Pty Ltd. As a consultant,

he provides advice, training, and support to clients on improving carbon plant performance and process technology, always maintaining a strong focus on the practical application of statistical thinking and methods to process management. Barry has authored or co-authored more than 27 technical papers, and is a regular lecturer on anode technology at postgraduate courses run by the University of Auckland. He has been an active member of the The Minerals, Metals & Materials Society for over 25 years as a presenter, session chair, subject organizer, 2013 Chair of the Aluminum Committee, and editor of *Light Metals 2013*.



### John Secasan

John Secasan holds a B.S. in engineering from the University of Materials Science and Engineering, Cluj Napoca, Romania. During his time with Alcoa, he has held several technical positions with responsibilities in aerospace and primary metals. He has specialized in areas including carbon raw materials for anodes, carbon anode manufacturing, and carbon anode performance in the Hall-Heroult electrolysis cells. In these areas, he initiates and leads technical projects related to carbon raw materials and anode quality improvements and additionally provides technical expertise on carbon raw materials and anodes to Alcoa's Primary Metals division worldwide. John is currently a research and development engineer in the Technology Development Group within Alcoa's Technology, Innovation and Center of Excellence, located at the Alcoa Technical Center in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA.

# **Gary Tarcy**



Gary Tarcy is the Manager of Smelting R&D at Alcoa Technical Center, New Kensington, Pennsylvania, USA. Gary has worked for Alcoa for 34 years. He holds 26 patents and has published 31 papers. In 1986 he was the winner of the Alcoa Chapter of Sigma Xi best technical paper award and in 2000 the winner of Alcoa's Arthur Vining Davis Award for Technical Excellence. In 2005 he was the winner of the TMS Light Metals Award for best paper. In 2011 he won the TMS Light Metals Award for the best paper for the second time and also won the Professor Barry Welch Best Paper at the 10th Australasian Smelting Technology Conference. In 2006 he was the winner of the alumni of the year from the Department of Chemistry. Only six such awards have ever been given. Gary is also an invited lecturer for the TMS Industrial Electrolysis course and has been an invited lecturer at several of the Australasian Aluminum Smelting and Technology Conferences. Gary holds both B.S. and M.S. degrees in chemistry from Bowling Green State University where he specialized in the study of electrochemistry and photo-electrochemistry.



### **Steve Wood**

Steve Wood is a graduate of Murray State University with degrees in chemistry and mathematics. He was a Staff Process Engineer at NSA in Hawesville, Kentucky, USA. Included in his responsibilities was the testing and evaluating of cathode materials and cathode design improvements with the long term goal of increasing cathode life and improving overall cell performance.