

UNITED ARAB EMIRATES MINISTRY OF EDUCATION



Jane Boylan and Claire Medwell

# Bridge to Success Activity Book

San Francisco Bridge, USA

# Table of contents

### Introduction

### Unit 1 Life experience

Lesson 1	Free-time activities	6
Lesson 2	Write about it	7
Lesson 3	A first time for everything	8
Lesson 4	Talk and write about it	9
Lesson 5	The language of presentation	10
Lesson 6	My learning	11
Lesson 7	The power of ideas	13
Lesson 8	Read and write about it	14
Lesson 9	The story of Helen Keller	15
Lesson 10	Helen learns to spell	16
Lesson 11	After reading	17
Lesson 12	My learning	18

1

### Unit 2 School

			Ξ.
Lesson 1	A day at school	19	
Lesson 2	Schools around the world	20	
Lesson 3	Diet and studying	21	
Lesson 4	Study tips	22	
Lesson 5	Starting a new school	23	
Lesson 6	My learning	24	
Lesson 7	Problem solved	25	
Lesson 8	After-school clubs	26	
Lesson 9	Starting something new	27	

Lesson 10	A problem in school
Lesson 11	A problem in school
Lesson 12	My learning

Unit 3	Sport	
Lesson 1	Which sports do you do?	31
Lesson 2	Sports equipment	32
Lesson 3	Get active!	33
Lesson 4	How to stay active and healthy	34
Lesson 5	Sports for everyone	35
Lesson 6	My learning	36
Lesson 7	Everyone can be an athlete	37
Lesson 8	The Fun Run	38
Lesson 9	Helping others enjoy sport	39
Lesson 10	A live commentary	40
Lesson 11	Football crazy!	41
Lesson 12	My learning	42

: Part 1	28
: Part 2	29
	30

Unit 4	The big screen	
Lesson 1	Types of films	43
Lesson 2	Describing films	44
Lesson 3	The first films	45
Lesson 4	Films that I like	46
Lesson 5	What makes a good film?	47
Lesson 6	My learning	48
Lesson 7	Creating film scenes	49
Lesson 8	Making scenes interesting	50
Lesson 9	Jurassic Park: Part 1	51
Lesson 10	Jurassic Park: Part 2	52
Lesson 11	Jurassic Park: Part 3	53
Lesson 12	My learning	54

Unit 5	Inventions	
Lesson 1	Gadgets	55
Lesson 2	Gadgets	57
Lesson 3	The history of the telephone	58
Lesson 4	The history of gadgets	59
Lesson 5	Old and modern	60
Lesson 6	My learning	61
Lesson 7	Ideas and inventions	62
Lesson 8	Old invention, new ideas	63
Lessons 9-10	Start Small, Think Big	64
Lesson 11	Bright ideas	66
Lesson 12	My learning	68

# Life experience

# Lesson 1 Free-time activities

**Vocabulary** Activities 1

Complete the speech bubbles with the correct phrase from the box.

C

h

Unit

I really like *playing football* <sup>(1)</sup> every week with my big brother. He's been in the school team for three years now and can teach me a lot.

I definitely prefer creative activities to sports. I'm hopeless at sport. Maybe that's why I don't like it. I love painting (2), and sometimes I go out and take photos (3) of wild animals for my pictures. I'm quite good at photography – last year I won a prize at school.

take photos play video games read painting meet up with my friends play football

# C

d

I don't have much free time at the moment. I (4) most nights after school as I enjoy exciting stories.

Most weekends I \_\_\_\_\_ meet up with my friends We \_\_\_\_\_\_ video games\_\_\_\_ (6) together if the weather is bad and we can't go outside. If the weather is OK, we go out on our bikes. I can't stand being outside when it's cold and raining – I hate it!

### Lesson 2 Write about it

Use of English Wh-question forms revie Make questions using the words below. answers each question?

### Use of English

### Wh- auestions review

Question word + do + you + verb + ? What do you like doing when you've got s Who do you spend your free time with? Which places do you like going to?

1 you / much / free time / do / how / have? \_ How much free time do you have?

Response: I don't have much free time.

	Response:	d
3	playing / do / who /	you / football
	Response:	а
4	prefer / which / you	/ do / activities

Which	activities	do	vou	pre
			<b>,</b>	

Response: \_\_\_\_

ew.					
Which	response	from	Lesson	1, Activity	1

some	free	time?	
	2		

2 at the weekends / do / what / you / do? What do you do at the weekends?

/ like / with? \_\_\_\_\_ Who do you like playing\_\_\_\_ football with?

efer?

### Lesson 3 A first time for everything

Reading strategy Understanding general meaning

Tick the strategies which will help you to understand general meaning. Use the strategies before you read the text below.

- Look for key words in a text.
- Read the whole text in detail.
- Look at pictures or headings.
- Look up all the words you don't understand.

**1 Read** about these first-time experiences. Match a comment to a picture.

'The first time I saw an elephant, I was terrified! In my country, it is quite normal to see elephants in the countryside, but I had never seen anything like it before. Now I think elephants are beautiful.' Sumalee, 12

'I was so excited when I learned to ride a bike! I was very proud of myself because I was only four years old. At the time, my older brother had only just learned and he was already six!' Jaya, 13

- 2 Find a maximum of seven key words and (short) phrases in each comment which show:
  - what each child did
  - why it was special

2

• how the experience made them feel.

Sumalee \_\_\_\_\_first time / elephant / terrified / never seen before / beautiful

excited / learned / ride / bike / proud / four years old Jaya \_

### Lesson 4 Talk and write about it

- 1 Use of English Complete the sentences correct form of the verb.
  - 1 She <u>has won</u> three competition years. (win)
  - 2 What is the nicest place you <u>hav</u> ever <u>Seen</u> ? (see)
- has\_\_\_\_never\_\_ been 3 He \_\_\_\_\_ country. (go)
- hasn't tried 4 She \_ Jap food. (not / try)

Write Write two sentences about things you have or haven't experienced. 2

I have tried Vietnamese food. \_

Learners' own answ

I haven't been to a very cold cour

Learners' own ans



s using the	Use of English
ns in two	Present perfect We use the present perfect
veto another	to talk about experiences in the past, but we don't say exactly when they happened. We form the tense with <b>has/have</b> + past participle.
oanese	<b>Have</b> you ever <b>seen</b> the sea? I <b>haven't been</b> on a rollercoaster again.

/ers		
rtry	 2	
swers		

### Lesson 5 The language of presentation

2 1 Pronunciation Word endings

Listen and repeat these words from a presentation. What sound do you hear at the end of the words?

- 1 introduction
- 2 education
- **3** organisation
- 4 presentation
- 2 Challenge Waleed's presentation below with the correct sentences a-g.
  - a To sum up, I chose to talk about Tarig because
  - b As I said in my introduction, this presentation is about Tariq my cousin.

morning. He doesn't get paid – he does it for free. This means that more kids

can come to the football practice.  $\underline{\mathcal{Q}}_{(6)}$  he is a very kind and fun person

to do a parachute jump.  $-\frac{f}{f}$  (7) before he did the parachute jump ...

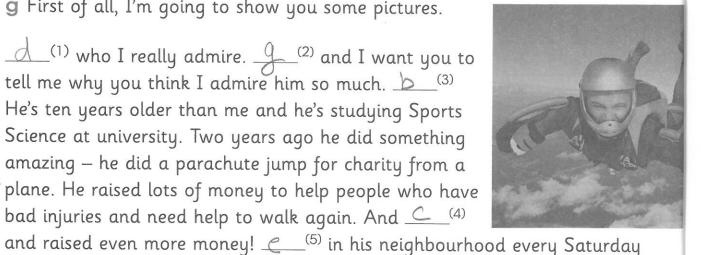
who gives up his free time to help other people. I also think he is very brave

- c since then, he has done two more parachute jumps
- d Today I'm going to talk about my cousin Tariq
- e As well as this, he does football practice with children
- f To finish, I'm going to show you a little video that Tariq made
- g First of all, I'm going to show you some pictures.



mo

(1) who I really admire. (2) and I want you to tell me why you think I admire him so much. (3)He's ten years older than me and he's studying Sports Science at university. Two years ago he did something amazing – he did a parachute jump for charity from a plane. He raised lots of money to help people who have bad injuries and need help to walk again. And \_\_\_\_(4)



Lesson 6 My learning

# Speaking tip

Order your presentation Use sequencing words to help your audience follow your presentation. Today I'm going to talk about ... As I said in my introduction, ... Since then, .... As well as this, ... To sum up, I chose to ...

### **1** Write

- Prepare a presentation about someone you admire. Research some
- Organise your notes into sections
- · Add sequencing phrases and think of a way to get the attention of your
- Does your presentation need any props?
- Practise your presentation with a partner.
- Perform your presentation in front of your class. Listen to your classmates' presentations and write down one interesting fact from each one.

### Use of English

Look at the phrases in the Speaking tip box. Which phrases are used at the beginning of a presentation? Which phrases are used at the end?

interesting facts about the subject of your presentation and make notes.

audience at the beginning e.g. with a question or an interesting picture.

- 2 Use of English Look at Khalid's life up to now. Use the present perfect tense to make sentences about Khalid's life.
  - 1 Khalid / live / in Dubai / since 1995 Khalid has lived in Dubai since 1995.
  - 2 Khalid / work / for ADNOC / since 2012. has worked
  - 3 Khalid / drive / to ADNOC / since 2012. has driven
  - 4 Khalid / be / team leader / since 2015. has been

1990 Khalid is born in Sharjah.

1995 Khalid and his family move to Dubai.

2008 Khalid finishes school and goes to Dubai University.

2012 Khalid completes his Engineering bachelor degree and starts

working for Abu Dhabi National Oil Company ADNOC. He drives

from Dubai to Abu Dhabi every day.

2015 Khalid is promoted to team leader at ADNOC.

# LOOk what I can do!

	🙂 yes	🙂 sometimes	🙁 not yet
I can talk about free-time activities.			
I can talk about life experiences.			

# Lesson 7 The power of ideas

1 Read the biography of Fabrice Muamba and answer the questions.

This is the story of an extraordinary second chance. In March 2012, Fabrice Muamba, the British football hero, was playing for his team, Bolton Wanderers. While thousands of football fans were cheering in the stadium, thousands more were watching the game on TV. Then suddenly Fabrice collapsed on the pitch. The fans watched as doctors ran to help him. He had a heart attack and his heart stopped for over an hour. The game was stopped. Everybody thought that he was dead.

When Fabrice collapsed on the pitch, the doctors fought very hard to save his life. They succeeded, and football fans all over the country celebrated his recovery. Sadly, Fabrice has stopped playing football, but he says he is thankful that he is alive. He has thanked the doctors, who he says, 'never gave up on me'.

### 1 Who is the biography about? Fabrice Muamba

2 What happened to him in March 2012? During a football match, he had a heart attack in front of thousands of fans and nearly died.

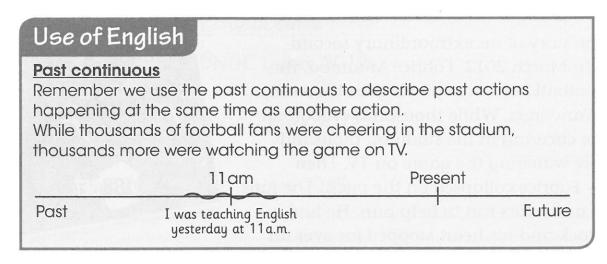
3 Does Fabrice play football now?

No, he has stopped playing football.

4 Who did he say a special thank you to? The doctors who saved his life / helped him get better.



### Lesson 8 Read and write about i



1	<b>Use of English</b> Complete the sentences. Use the correct form of the past continuous with the verbs from the box.	study	learn
	1 While Fabrice was playing football, the fans	lie	work
	were cheering in the stadium.	<del>play</del>	cheer
	<b>2</b> While Fabrice <u>was lying</u> on the pitch, doctors	celebrate	get
	were working hard to save his life.	play	go
	3 While he was studying hard at school, he was playing	<mark>ng</mark> footbal	l for

- youth teams.
- 4 While he <u>was learning</u> English, he <u>was going</u> to school in London.
- 5 While he <u>was getting</u> better in hospital, football fans <u>were celebrating</u> his recovery.

# Lesson 9 The story of Helen Keller

- are true (T), false (F) or not given (NG). Correct the false sentences.
  - education.

False. It was difficult because there were few opportunities.

- 2 Helen lived to be 100 years old.
- 3 Helen was seven years old when she lost her sight and hearing.
- 4 Helen taught blind and deaf people to respect the world.
- 5 In the past, society didn't understand people who were deaf and blind.
- 6 Before Helen was born, blind and deaf people had to be cared for.
- 7 Before Helen was born, care homes looked after the blind and deaf.
- 8 In the past, if blind and deaf people were independent they were given a job.
- 9 When Helen became deaf and blind, she had to follow different rules to others.

1 false. It was difficult because to 2 false. Helen lived to be 87 / He 3 false. She was 18 months old. 4 false. Helen taught the world to 5 true 6 true 7 NG 8 NG 9 true

1 Read Part 1 of the biography of Helen Keller again and decide if these sentences

1 When Helen was born, it was easy for blind and deaf people to get a good

here were few opportunities. elen was 87 when she died.

### o respect deaf and blind people.

### Lesson 10 Helen learns to spell

1 Read Multiple choice

Look at the multiple choice questions below about Helen Keller. Choose the best response **a b** or **c**.

1 Who was Helen Keller? <sup>C</sup>

a Someone who was blind and deaf **b** an author **c** both **a** and **b** 

2 Helen came from C

a a small farm town **b** Alabama **c** both **a** and **b** 

3 Helen Keller couldn't b

a talk b see or hear c both a and b

- 2 Read and write Read Parts 2 to 4 of the biography of Helen Keller again and decide if these sentences are true (T) or false (F).
  - 1 Helen's teacher taught her words by letting her touch objects as well as spell them. true
  - 2 Helen learned to speak when she was 20 years old. false. Helen learned to speak when she was ten years old
  - 3 Helen learned to read several other languages. true
  - 4 Helen studied at a very good university. true
  - 5 When she wrote her first book, people could only read it in English.

### Read Order of events 3

Complete the sentences with a number from the box. Then put the sentences about Helen's life in the order they happened.



- a When she was <u>20</u>, she went to university. <u>6</u>
- b Helen was born over <u>100</u> years ago. <u>1</u>

c When she was  $\frac{7}{2}$  years old, her parents found her a good teacher. 3

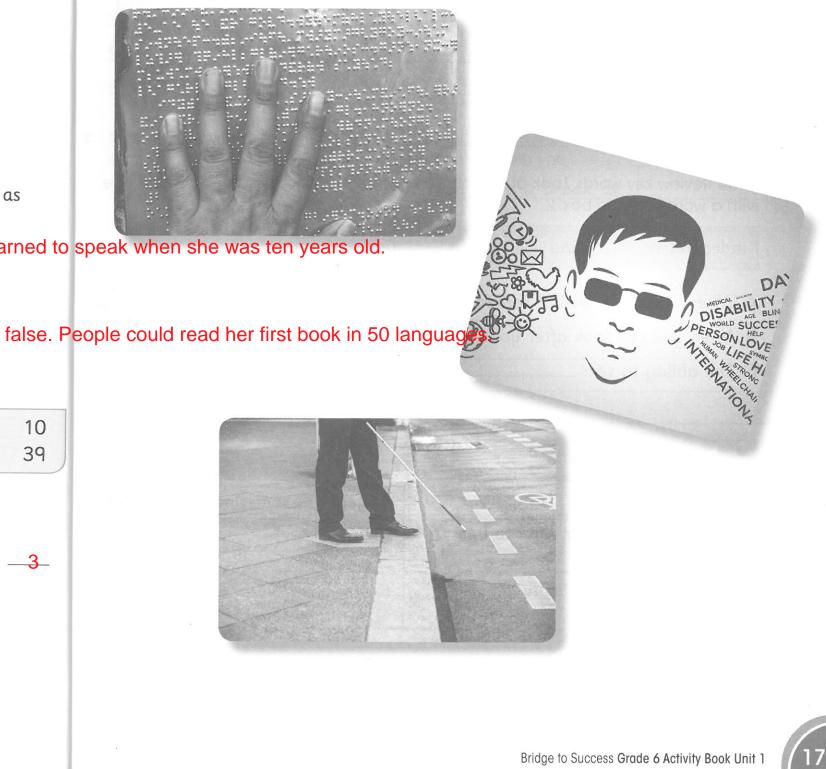
d When she was <u>18</u> months old, she lost her sight and hearing. <u>2</u>

- e When she was <u>10</u>, Helen learned to speak. <u>5</u>
- f Helen met <u>12</u> US presidents. <u>7</u>

g One day she learned <u>30</u> new words with her teacher. 4

### Lesson 11 After reading

- 1 Write Make a list of fair ways to treat people who are blind or deaf. Think about:
  - 1 When you meet a blind or deaf person.
  - 2 Ways to help blind and deaf people in public places.

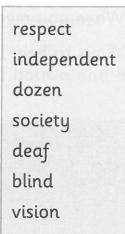




## Lesson 12 My learning

1 Read Find and circle the following words that appear from the text Part 1 in the wordsearch.

					T	1		1			
d	S	р	0	е	е	n	f	i	0	е	resp
е	r	е	5	0	с	i	е	t	y	b	inde
i—	n	d	е	p	е	n	d	е	n	t	dozo soci
i	d	<del>.</del>	e	3	p	e	c	ŧ	е	с	dea
	i	5	i	0	n	d	0	Z	е	n	blin
b	t	ι	n	d	e	a	f	n	е	S	visio



2 Write Review key words. Look at the following definitions and match each sentence with a word from the box. 2

independent blind vision respect

- A When you think well of someone and listen to their opinions: \_\_\_\_\_
- B When you can look after yourself: \_\_\_\_\_
- C The ability to see: \_\_\_\_\_

# LOOk what I can do!

	🙂 yes	🙂 sometimes	🙁 not yet
I can write a list of fair ways to treat blind and deaf people.			
I can understand a life story about someone in the past.			-



1 Vocabulary School subjects Complete the sentences below.

Subjects I study: \_\_\_\_\_

Subjects I haven't studied: \_\_\_\_\_

Subjects I like: \_\_\_\_\_

about Omar on page 21 of the Learner's Book to help you.

In the morning, as well as lessons we have a break at ...

2 Write a paragraph to describe your own school life in the UAE. Use the examples

### Learners' own answers.

# Lesson 2 Schools around the world

1 Listen and complete the information about China, Bahrain and Canada.

	School hours	Days at school	School year
China	7.30 am–5 pm	Monday–Saturday	September-July
Bahrain	8 am–2 pm	Sunday–Thursday	September-July
Canada	9 am–3.30 pm	Monday–Friday	September-June

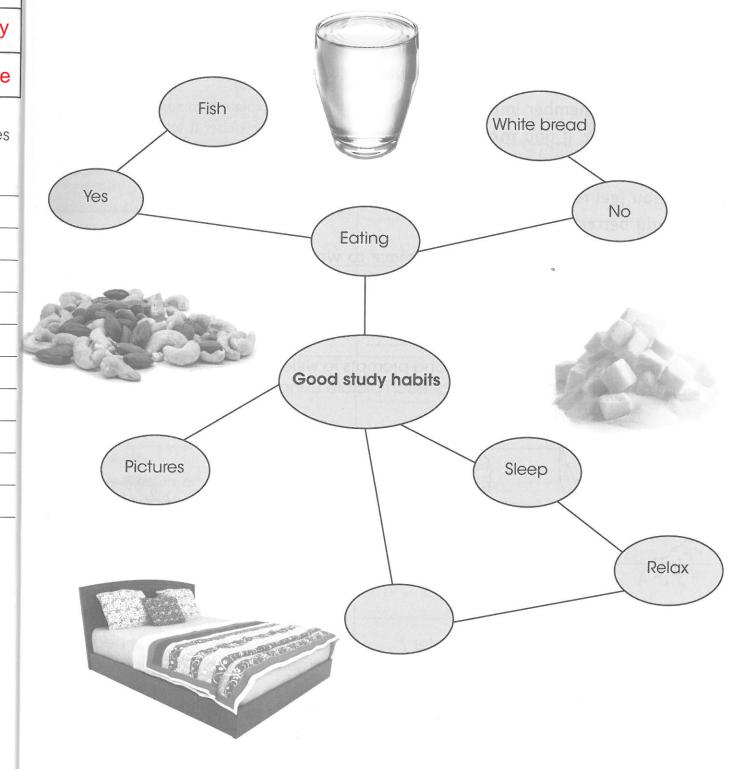
2 Write Compare your school day to the school day in other countries. Use your notes from this lesson to write three sentences.

At my school we study English and French. In China they

have two hours for lunch not one.

## Lesson 3 Diet and studying

1 Mind maps Mind maps are a good way to help you remember information. Below is a mind map about good study habits. Can you add more information to the mind map?



### Lesson 4 Study tips

- 1 Use of English Read the Use of English box. Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.
  - 1 If you (use) / will use pictures, you'll remember things better.
  - 2 If you are worried about something, you (won't) / don't concentrate well.
  - 3 You will remember important information, if you make/ will make good notes.
  - 4 If you feel relaxed, you would / (will) study better.
  - 5 If you will find (find) a quiet place to work, you will study well.
  - 6 If you **can** could teach the information to someone else, you will remember it better.
  - Challenge Use the pictures and prompts to write more advice about good study habits. Make a sentence for each picture using if.

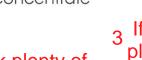




1 sleep / study If you sleep well,

- 2 drink water / concentrate
- you'll study better.
  - If you drink plenty of 2 / enough water,

# you'll concentrate better



well/better.

remember 3 If you do (enough /

3 do exercise /

Use of English

First conditional with if

simple + will/won't + verb

study properly.

exam.

We use the first conditional to express

future events that are likely to happen.

We form the structure with if + present

If I can explain it to someone else, I'm

sure I'll remember it later in the exam.

If you don't make good notes first, you

won't remember things so well in the

If you're calm, you will be able to

- plenty of) exercise. you'll (be able to) remember things
- 4 eat healthy food / energy

Δ If you eat healthy food ish the conversation. you'll have energy (for studying).

## Lesson 5 Starting a new school

help you.

friends teacher work understo

Our role-play is about:

### 2 Prepare Use the boxes below to plan yo

### Instructions

Learner A: Explain the problem. I am worried about ... I am scared that ...

Learner B: Ask for more information. Why are you worried about ...

Learner A: Give more information. Because ...

### Learner B:

Offer a solution or advice. You could speak to him about ... Why don't you ...? How about asking her to ...?

Learner A: Respond to solution or advice. Thank you ... I hadn't thought of that ... That's a good idea ...

Learner B: You're welcome. I'm glad I could help.



**1** Problems starting a new school Write your ideas for problems people have when starting a new school in the table. Look at the vocabulary box for some words to

ind	find	could	should	would	)
				00	00
our rc	ole-pla	y.			No.
ſext	of re	ole-pla	у		
			196		
<u> </u>					
			2		
		120-0-1200-000			
<u></u>					

Bridge to Success Grade 6 Activity Book Unit 2

### Lesson 6 My learning

**Vocabulary** Match the sentence halves.

Science and National History. 1 If you don't hurry, — 2 The subjects I'm really into are ) to come and join in with us! **c** you'll be late for school. **3** It's unkind d to laugh at other people's mistakes. 4 Don't work on your own – 🗡 5 If she can run well, \_\_\_\_\_\_ she can join the sports team.

I alk and write In a group, make a leaflet for children in Grade 5 about the 2 move up to Grade 6. Talk about what should go in each part of the leaflet. Who will write the words? Who will draw or find the pictures? Who will put it all together?

Make sure each person in your group has a task to do.

Part 1: What is the school day like?

Part 2: What will they study?

Part 3: Good study habits they will need to use.

Part 4: What to do if they are worried.

LOOk what I	can do!				
		🙂 yes	😅 sometimes	🙁 not yet	2
I can talk about v	vhat I do at school.				P
I can compare my	school to other schools.				
I can use good stu others.	idy habits and advise				

### Lesson 7 Problem solved

1 Vocabulary Behaviour Complete the dialogue with a word from the box in the correct form.

tell us off mess about bully join in with laugh at

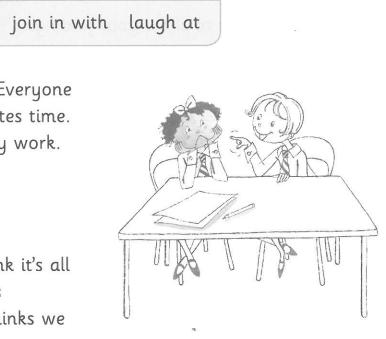
- A: I don't like my project group. Everyone messes about (1) and wastes time. I'm the only one who does any work.
- B: Why don't you talk to them? Tell them how you feel.
- A: I've done that, but they just <u>laugh at</u> <sup>(2)</sup> me. They think it's all
- a big joke. The teacher always tells us off (3) because he thinks we don't do any work.
- B: Oh no! Why don't you tell the teacher what's happening?
- A: Because if I do that, they might \_\_\_\_\_ than me!
- team member.

Challenge Read Ismail's problem and write four possible solutions.

In a few weeks' time I have an important exam. It tests most of the subjects I am studying at the moment. I feel very nervous and I'm sure I'm going to fail! Can you give me some advice about preparing for the exam and feeling less nervous?

Ismail, 11

I think you should ... Why don't you ...?



<u>bully</u> <sup>(4)</sup> me. They're all bigger

**B:** I know! Come and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(5) my group. We need another



### Lesson 8 After-school clubs

- 1 Survey How many after-school activities do the students in your class do?
  - 1 Work together to find out the answer. Which activities are most popular?
  - 2 Make a chart to show your findings.

	Number of stu	udents
After-school clubs	Tally	Total
Computer Club	-##	5

- 3 In a group, ask people what they like about the activity they do. Why should other people take part?
- 2 Write Use the <u>first conditional</u> to write sentences about why people should join each after-school activity.

If you join the football club, you will get fit and make friends.

If you join the computer club, you will learn how to write your own computer programmes.

### Lesson 9 Starting something new

1 Use of English Complete the email with modal verbs from the box.

could should would

### send)

### Dear Mrs Asma

We would (1) like to ask your permission to organise a talent show for the end of term. There are some very talented students in Grade 6 and we think it would be a good opportunity to show their skills to the school. We <u>would</u> like to have six acts in our final show. Lots of our classmates want to take part, so we would like to have auditions to choose the final six. We would also like to have four judges and we would like you to be one of them. Everyone agrees that you should be a judge, as well as three other teachers.

If you agree to our idea,  $\underline{\text{could}}^{(7)}$  we hold the auditions in the art room on Wednesdays after school? Mrs Aziza, the art teacher, says this is OK with her but we should<sup>8)</sup> ask your permission first.

If you like our idea, <u>**could**</u><sup>(9)</sup> we come and see you to tell you more?

Yours sincerely,

Nahla and Laila



00

### Lesson 10 A problem in school: Part 1

- 1 Read Read these statements about the story in your Learner's Book on pages 34 and 35. Are they true or false? Can you correct the false statements?
  - 1 Mohamed is working for a Maths test. True
  - 2 Mohamed finds the Maths easy. False. Mohamed didn't understand the maths.

True

- 3 Mohamed spends his whole evening studying.
- 4 Mohamed answered all the questions on the test. False. Mohamed answered
- 5 Mohamed shouted at his friend Abdullah.

with his friends for the evening.

False. Mohamed goes out to play

only one question in the test.

# Lesson 11 A problem in school: Part 2

**1** Pronunciation Silent letters Read the words from the story and practise saying them out loud with a partner. Which letters are silent?

**2** shouldn't 3 right 4 pushed 1 would 5 shouted

Role-play When Mohamed goes back to school, he has to say sorry to Mr Salman and Abdullah for shouting at them. With a partner, write a role-play where one person is Mohamed and the other is Mr Salman or Abdullah. Use modal verbs could, should, would.

Use the ideas in the column on the left to help you.

### 1 Mohamed

Apologise. Say what you did wrong. I'm sorry. I shouldn't have ...

### 2 Mr Salman/Abdullah Accept the apology. Say how you felt. That's ok. I was surprised/upset that ...

3 Mohamed Say what you could do next time. Next time I could ...

### 4 Mr Salman/Abdullah Say what you would like to happen next.

I would like ...

5 Mohamed Finish the conversation. Thank you ...

6 Mr Salman/Abdullah Finish the conversation. I hope ...

Write your summary in full sentences below. Key words:

2 Write Write a summary of the story so far. Use the box to make a note of key words.

Learners' own answers.

+	
	<b>n</b> .



## Lesson 12 My learning

- **1** Silent letters In each sentence circle the word with a silent letter.
  - 1 Do you know how many lessons there are?
  - 2 Did he say which book he wants?
  - **3** They said I could come today.
- **2 Use of English** Use the information to write an email to your principal asking for permission to buy a laptop for your class. Tick off each grammar point when you have used it.

Modal verbs (could/should/would) First conditional (if)

We have raised 1000 dirhams at the school fair.

We want the laptop to help us with project work.

We can use it to access the Internet in the classroom.

Dear Principal	
	1
Yours sincerely, Class 6B	

4 The teacher told me that I got th

5 To get to the library you turn rig

question wrong.

down the corridor.

# LOOk what I can do!

	🙂 yes	🙂 sometimes	😕 not yet
I can talk about extra-curricular activities.			
I can write an email asking permission to do something.			•
I can understand a story about experiences at school.			
I can use words that describe body language.			
I can use words with silent letters.	1		

Unit 3 Sport

### Lesson 1 Which sports do you do?

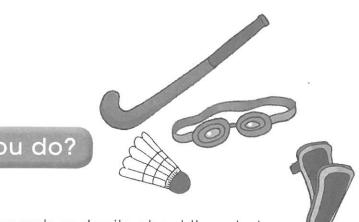
### 1 Vocabulary Sports

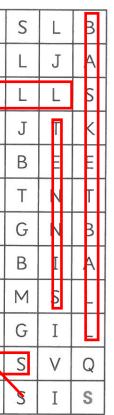
Find the ten types of sport in the word search and write about them below. Then tell your partner about them.

	_	_	-							
		F١	H	0	С	К	E	Y	V	н
	1	G	0	E	G	Р	А	K	Н	В
	(	Q	V	0	L	L	Е	Y	В	Α
		S	A	Z	T	Р	V	Ι	S	D
	١	N	I	T	Q	B	J	М	E	М
	/	Ι	J	G	H	Q	A	В	К	Ι
	1	И	U	Н	J	L	Н	Ł	Н	Ν
	I	4	D	I	A	В	E	Т	K	Т
		Ι	0	J	V	L	А	T	S	0
		N	Н	J	Y	R	Y	А	Ι	Ν
		5	Y	Μ	Ν	А	S	Т	Ι	Ċ
	,	J	Z	Р	Ι	Ζ	Q	G	V	Ρ
1										

Sports I've tried	
Sports I often do	
Popular sports in my country	

Bridge to Success Grade 6 Activity Book Unit 2





hockey volleyball swimming badminton basketball gymnastics tenniš judo football athletics



### Lesson 2 Sports equipment

3 1 Vocabulary Complete the sentences with a word from the box.

shin pads racquet goggles shuttlecock goalposts shorts

- goggles 1 You wear to protect your eyes when you are swimming.
- shin pads 2 You wear \_\_\_ to protect the front part of your legs between your knees and ankles.
- 3 You hit a shuttlecock when you are playing badminton.
- 4 Boys wear swimming shorts \_ when they go swimming.
- racquet 5 You hit the ball with a \_\_\_\_ when you are playing tennis or badminton.
- goalposts tell you where the goal is when you are playing football.

Now listen and check your answers.

2 Write a paragraph about a sport you do, where you play it, what equipment you use and why you like it.

### Writing tip

Remember to start sentences with a capital letter and end them with a full stop.

I play football in the park with my friends and my brothers.

Try to make your sentences longer by using and, but and because.

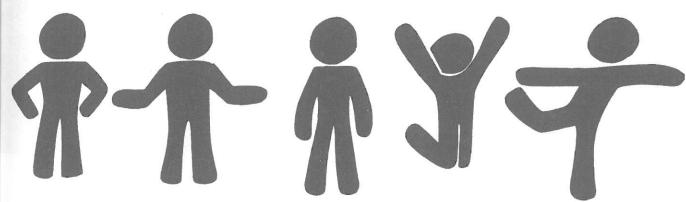
I like to play football because it is fun and I can meet my friends.

I love playing badminton, but not in windy weather. The shuttlecock flies away!



### Lesson 3 Get active!

- Vocabulary Parts of the body
- 1 h\_p hip
- 2 t\_\_g\_s thighs
- 3 sh\_\_l\_r\_ shoulders
- heart 4 \_\_\_\_rt
- 2 Listen to the instructions and tick the ones you hear.
  - a Bend over and touch your toes.
  - b Keep your arms straight.
  - c Rotate your shoulders ten times.
  - d Bend your neck to the left shoulder and then the right shoulder.
  - e Rotate your shoulders quickly.
  - f Stand up straight.
  - g Bend your right leg and hold your toes.
  - h Count to ten and relax.



Complete the parts of the body words. Use your dictionary to check the spelling.

5	e	neck
6	a_k_e s	ankles
7	ks	knees
8	m s	arms

# Lesson 4 How to stay active and healthy

**1** Use of English Correct the sentences by replacing the underlined verb with another verb from the box.

mustn't need should

- 1 I mustn't eat a lot of chocolate and unhealthy food.
- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ to do exercise to stay fit and healthy.
- **3** Everyone <u>should</u> stretch their muscles before they do exercise.

Use of English

allowed.

need/should/mustn't for advice and instructions

We use should to give advice.

We use **need** when something is necessary.

We use **mustn't** when something is not

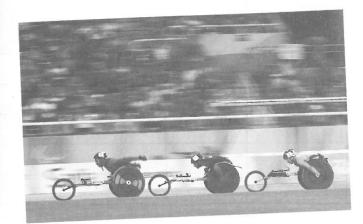
- 4 You should drink water while you are running.
- 5 You <u>mustn't</u> eat a lot of food before you do any sports.
- 2 Write five sentences about what you need to, mustn't and should do to stay fit and healthy.





### Lesson 5 Sports for everyone

What can you remember? What other sports have you seen people with disabilities do?





2 Write Write your answers to the questions from Activity 1.

Learners' own answers.

1 Talk about it Talk about the parathlete Mohammed Khamis Khalaf with your group.

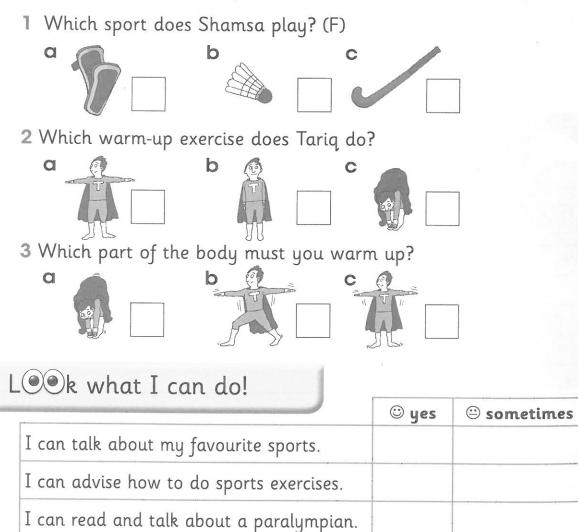


# Lesson 6 My learning

1 Talk about it Write the names of five of your friends. Now ask them what their favourite sport is. Tick their answer.

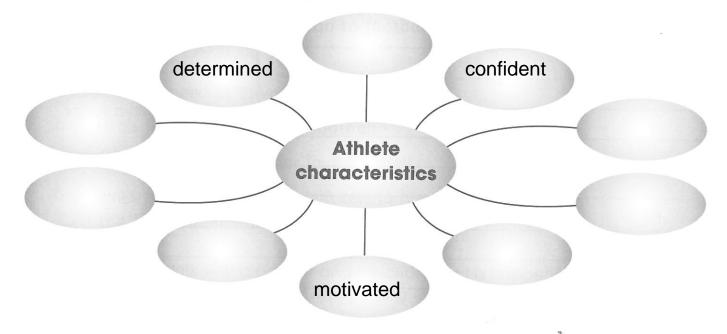
NAME	javelin	shot put	discus	swimming	football	badminton	track races
and the second sec							
2				<i>p</i>			
3							
4							
5							

5 2 Listen and tick the correct picture.



# Lesson 7 Everyone can be an athlete

1 Talk about it With your friend, talk about the characteristics of an athlete. Write your ideas in the mind map.



2 Write Complete the profile for an athlete of your choice. Include a paragraph about his or her characteristics. Remember to write about why each characteristic is important.

Athlete profile
Name
Age:
Nationality:
Sport:
Characteristics:

🙁 not yet



Bridge to Success Grade 6 Activity Book Unit 3

### Lesson 8 The Fun Run

1 Write Make notes and write a summary. Read the article on page 48 of your Learner's Book again.

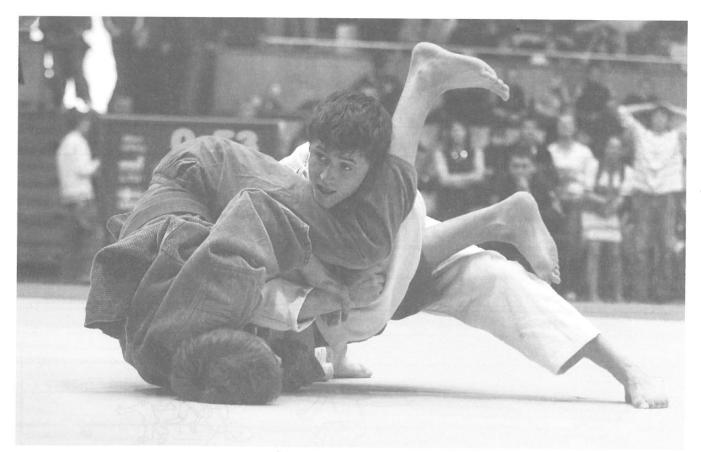
# Writing tip

### Writing summaries

- 1 Read the text carefully.
- 2 Scan the text again and underline key words and phrases.
- 3 Change phrases to one word with a similar meaning.
- 4 Organise your notes into a summary.
- 5 Check your work.

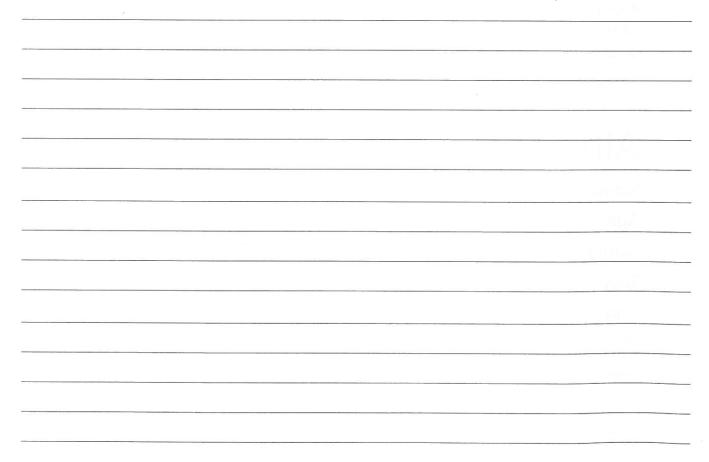
# Lesson 9 Helping others enjoy sport

- **1 Read** the text again on page 49 of your Learner's Book. Decide if the sentences are true or false.
  - 1 Salem and his father never go to football matches.
  - 2 Salem's father cannot see.
  - 3 Salem's father has always been blind. False
  - **4** Salem's father doesn't play football.
  - 5 Both Salem and his father love football. True
  - 6 Salem's father listens to Salem telling him the details of the football matches. True
- 2 Talk about it Work with a partner and describe what is happening in this picture. Then draw your own picture of a live sporting event.



Every year in June, our school does a sponsored walk for charity in our local park. Lots of people take part and more people watch and cheer.

Learners, teachers, families take part! Some people dress up in fancy dress costumes. We ask our family and friends to sponsor us to raise money for charity and we get fit too. Our school Fun Run raised over \$20 000 Dirhams for charity.





False

### True

True

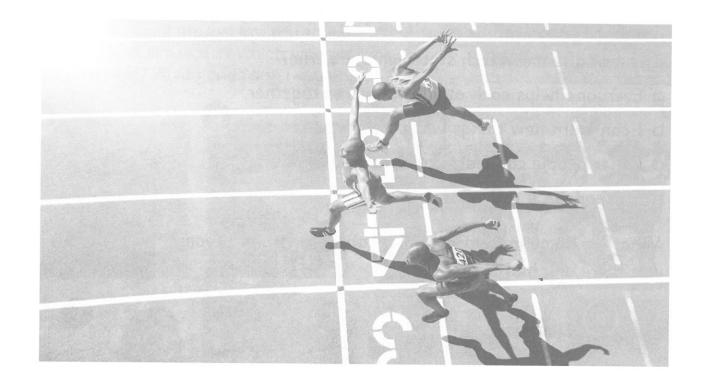
### Lesson 10 A live commentary

- 1 Read the sentences and put the story in order. Now read the story again on page 49 of your Learner's Book and check your answers.
  - a Salem's father was very happy. 5
  - b The striker scored a goal. 3
  - c The strikers ran up the pitch. 2
  - d The crowd jumped up and down because they were very excited.  $^4$
  - e Salem found it difficult to describe the match. 1



1 Write a similar description of someone scoring a goal, winning a race or a sports competition. Use words from the text and other descriptive words. Underline the words you want to emphasise.

Read your description to your partner, like a radio reporter.





### Learners' own answers.

## Lesson 12 My learning

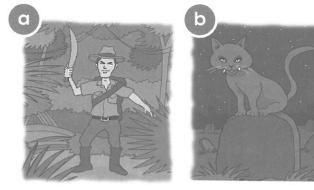
- 1 Talk about it Ask and answer these questions with your partner.
  - 1 Are you a member of a sports team? What does each person have to do in the team?
  - 2 What other kinds of teams are there? When do you work in teams?
  - 3 Think of a team. Which statements are true?
    - a Everyone helps each other and works together.
    - b I can learn new things when I work with a team.
    - c Other people can learn from me in a team.
    - d Everyone in a team has a special job to do.
  - 4 What are some more good things about being in a team? Are there any bad things?

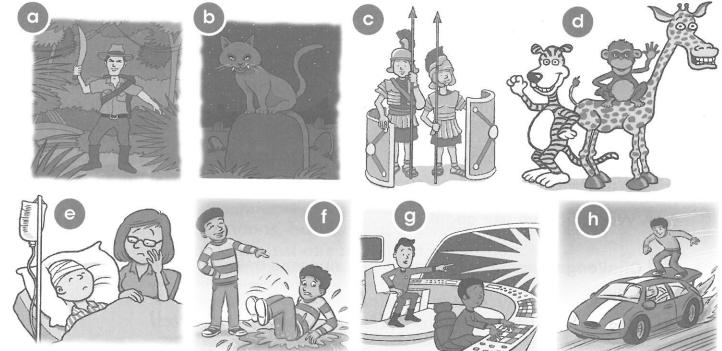
## • k what I can do!

	🙂 yes	🙂 sometimes	🙁 not yet	
I can read and talk about an athlete's characteristics.				
I can use descriptive vocabulary in a commentary.				
I can read a commentary with emphasis.				
I can write a short summary based on a text.				



B Write about the last film you saw. What type of film was it? Which types of films do you like best? Which ones don't you enjoy?





Use these sentence starters to help you. The last film I saw was called ... The type of film was ... I enjoyed it because ... The type of film I like best is ... The type of film I don't enjoy is ...

	Learners' or
	the second se
	34 
2 	

animation comedy adventure science fiction horror drama action historical

### wn answers.

### Lesson 2 Describing films

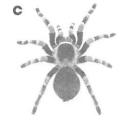
1 Vocabulary Adjectives Find the adjectives in the word snake.



- 2 Use of English Put the dialogue in the correct order.
  - 1 B It's an animation film. 4
  - 2 B I saw Happy Feet last week. 2
  - 3 B It was very funny, we couldn't stop laughing. 6
  - 4 A What sort of film is it?3
  - 5 A What was the last film you saw? 1
  - 6 A What did you like about it? 5
- Challenge Choose adjectives to describe your opinion of the images in the pictures.
  - a I think that kitten is beautiful! (It's so small and cute!)









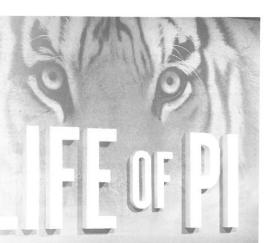
Learners' own answers.

Lesson 3 The first films	
<b>1 Ask and answer</b> Work with a partner. Use the first film facts to ask and answer own questions.	your
The first animation films were made in the early 1900s. Was made in the 1920s.	buse
The first film starring Mickey Mouse was produced by Walt Disney. In cinemas all over the world	
The first full-length animation film was called <i>Snow White and the Seven Dwarves</i> .	
Computers weren't used to make animation films in the 1940s. in the 1960s and 70s.	ıced
The first <i>Toy Story</i> film was created in the 1990s. The first animation films were n made in colour.	lot
In the first cartoons, hundreds of drawings were needed to produce just one minute of animation.	
The award-winning animation film <i>Shrek</i> was released in 2001.	
adī luga	
2 Challenge Write a short paragraph about your favourite animation film.	
was released in 20 The main character is	•••

Bridge to Success Grade 6 Activity Book Unit 4

### Lesson 4 Films that I like

- 1 **Read** the answers below and match them to the questions.
  - 1) Have you seen any good films recently?
  - 2 What kind of film is it?
  - 3 What's it about?
  - 4 Where's it set?
  - 5 Would you recommend it?
  - a It's set in India and a lot of the action takes place in the middle of the ocean. 4
  - b Yes, I saw Life of Pi at the cinema two weeks ago with my dad. It was amazing! \_\_\_\_\_
  - c Yes, I would. I liked the scenes where the boy faces the tiger, and then makes friends with him. My dad didn't like the film though! He says he prefers films that have more realistic plots! But I thought the plot was interesting and exciting.
  - d It's an adventure movie which looks fantastic. There are some amazing scenes, with great special effects. 2
  - e It's about a boy called Pi who has an incredible adventure at sea. His family own a zoo in India. But they have to sell the zoo and all the animals. They decide to sail to Canada so they can sell the animals and build a new life. But on the way they have an accident and only Pi and a few animals survive. So Pi is left in the middle of the sea in a lifeboat with the wild animals. And one of them is a huge hungry tiger! The film is about how Pi survives ... 3
- 2 Read the answers again and answer the questions.
  - 1 Which answer tells you about the **plot**?
  - India 2 Where is the setting for the film? \_
  - A boy called Pi and a tiger 3 Which main **characters** are mentioned?



### Lesson 5 What makes a good

- 1 Write your own answers to these questions.
  - 1 Have you seen a good film recently?
  - 2 What kind of film is it?
  - 3 What is it about?
  - 4 Where is it set?
  - 5 Would you recommend it?
- 2 Use the word box to help you. Then ask your friend the questions.

actors	good and bad points
costumes	setting
1	
0	
Z	
3	

100	1000	1000	
678	Im	62.	
 	838	8-68	

Write What else could you ask when talking about a film? Write three new questions.

special effects type of film

plot characters

### Lesson 6 My learning

**1** Vocabulary Find the words from the box in the wordsearch.

С	0	m	е	d	y	0	l	k	u	i	h	s	h
S	С	i	р	a	m	a	z	i	n	g	е	С	i
h	t	е	r	r	i	f	y	i	n	g	a	i	S
i	h	t	W	a	Z	х	С	y	n	m	r	е	t
l	r	g	0	r	g	е	0	u	S	r	t	n	0
a	i	р	d	r	a	m	a	t	y	9	b	С	r
r	l	0	l	d	n	р	С	a	S	b	r	е	i
i	l	s	i	е	i	k	t	Z	е	h	е	f	с
0	i	С	y	r	m	i	i	h	r	у	a	i	a
u	n	x	t	b	a	С	0	0	t	u	k	С	l
S	g	m	k	j	t	Х	n	r	r	a	i	t	е
a	q	W	е	h	i	u	i	r	g	S	n	i	W
С	V	t	r	b	0	m	S	0	V	С	g	0	S
d	a	d	V	е	n	t	u	r	е	f	y	n	g

2 Write What makes a good film? Write a sentence to describe a good film. Use the words in the box to help you.

Bridge to Success Grade 6 Activity Book Unit 4

actors setting plot special effects costumes good and bad points type of film characters

adventure

horror

drama

comedy

action

historical

animation

science fiction

	🙂 yes	😐 sometimes	🙁 not yet
I can talk about types of films.			
I can describe films using strong adjectives.			
I can tell you what makes a good film.			

# Lesson 7 Creating film scenes

1 Vocabulary Reporting verbs Complete the dialogues with a verb from the box.

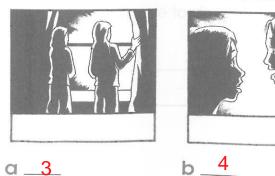
asked shouted hoped rememb

- 1 "I'm sure I left my keys by the de
- 2 "That was a really funny joke!" sh
- 3 "What time does the film start?"
- 4 "The film starts at seven o'clock,"
- 5 "Watch out, you nearly knocked i
- 6 "The film stars might be coming to
- 2 Read the storyboard and put the pictures in the correct order.

# The Light in the Garden

It was already past midnight and 1 Lialya couldn't sleep. She didn't know why. Then she realised that her sister, Sara, was awake too ...

3 Sara got out of bed and joined Lialya at the window. The two girls looked at the light in amazement. Sara wanted to go outside and look at it close up.



pered	answered	laughed		
oor,"	he suddenly	remem	bered	
	laughed			
he	asked			
she	answere	d		
my d	rink over!" he	2 S	shouted	k
	itch the prem			honed

2 Lialya got up to close the curtain. It seemed unusually bright outside for a cloudy winter night. Then she noticed the light in the corner of the garden.



4 Lialya looked at her sister in shock. She didn't want to go out in the cold dark garden in the middle of the night. But her sister had other ideas!





d\_1

### Lesson 8 Making scenes interesting

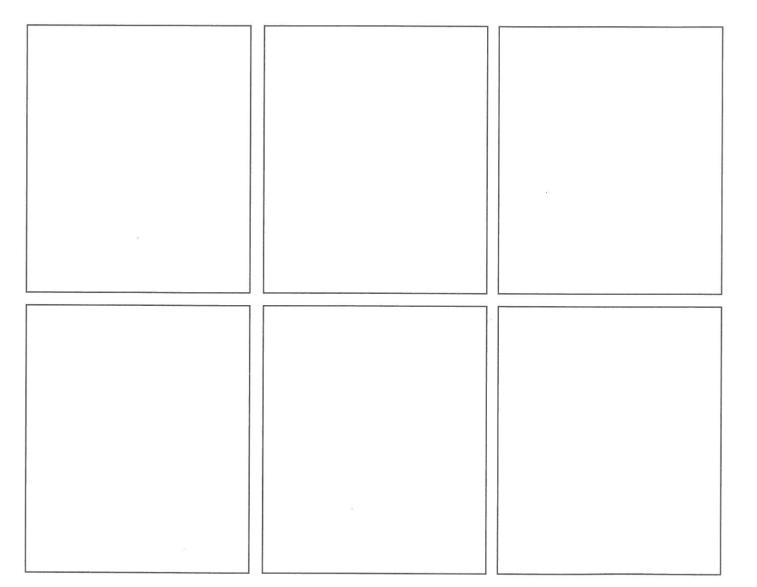
1 Write Use this template to create your own storyboard. Add speech bubbles or thought bubbles to show what your characters are thinking or speaking.

You could continue the story about the birthday cake that has gone wrong. Will Sara's brothers and sisters help her make a new cake?

Could they ring an aunt for help?

Could they buy a cake at the shop?

Will Mum come home early and see the mess in the kitchen?



# Lesson 9 Jurassic Park: Part 1

1 **Read** Complete the summary of the Jurassic Park film story with words from the box.

controlled science fiction island dinosaurs escape breaks scientists escape dinosaurs



	science fiction (1)
scientists	<sup>(2)</sup> who visit an
	<b>S</b> <sup>(4)</sup> . Before the scien
a <u>controlled</u>	<sup>(5)</sup> area on the isla
	e breaks
dinosaurs	_ <sup>(8)</sup> escape. The scien
	ape <sup>(9)</sup> from the dinos

2 Write Why is *Jurassic Park* famous in cinema history? Write a sentence to describe why.

It showed	computer g
time.	

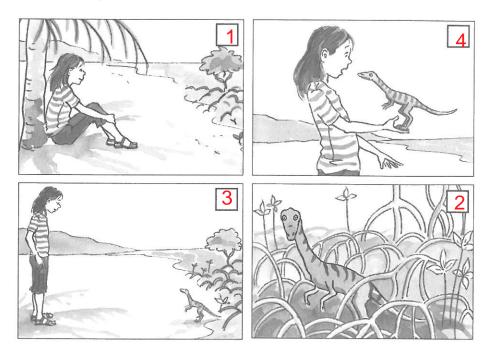
film. It is about a group of island (3) inhabited by ntists arrive, the dinosaurs live in and and they can't \_\_\_\_ escape (6) <sup>(7)</sup> the security code and the ntists and other people on the island try saurs.

### generated special effects that were new at the

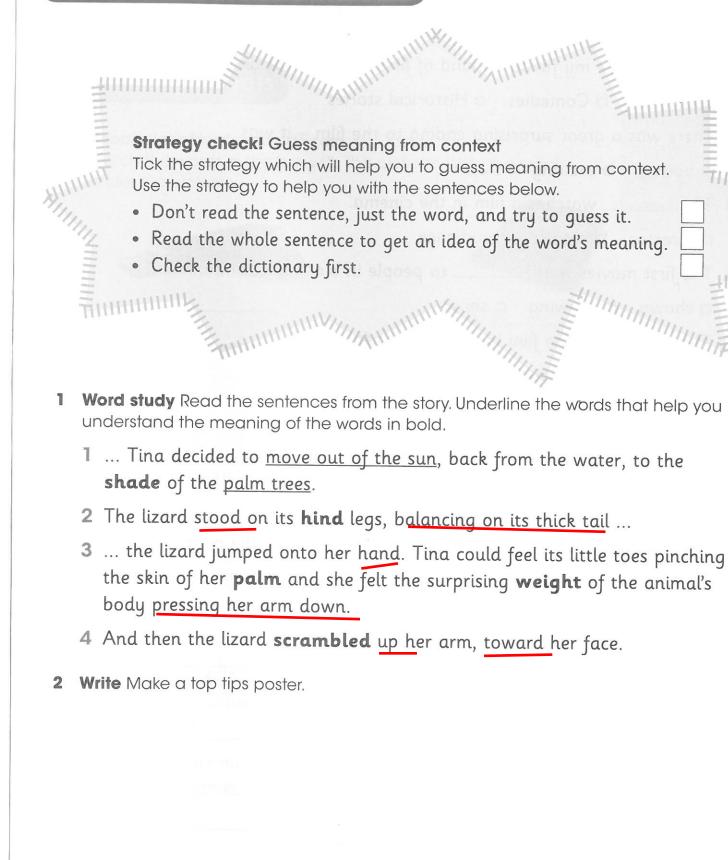


### Lesson 10 Jurassic Park: Part 2

1 Read the extract again from the novel Jurassic Park by Michael Crichton. Put the pictures from the story in the correct order.



2 After-reading spinner Spin a pencil and answer the question it points to. Do you think the creature was really a lizard? What do you think happens next? What do you think the creature was? Why?





Tick the strategy which will help you to guess meaning from context. FILLING • Read the whole sentence to get an idea of the word's meaning. HIIIM 

annunn

the skin of her **palm** and she felt the surprising **weight** of the animal's

## Lesson 12 My learning

- 1 Multiple-choice Quiz Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.
  - 1 \_\_\_\_\_ are my favourite kind of film I don't like anything too serious.

a Dramas O Comedies c Historical stories

- 2 There was a great surprising ending to the film it was \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - a boring O exciting C slow
- 3 The \_\_\_\_\_\_ watches a film in the cinema.
  - a director b pianist O audience
- 4 The first movies were \_\_\_\_\_\_ to people in black and white.
- Oshown b showing c show
- 5 The \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the film is very hard to follow.
  - a setting b costumes O plot
- 6 It's a story \_\_\_\_\_ will make you cry. a when b who c that
- 7 'We have to \_\_\_\_\_\_ to make sure that everyone hears us.'
- ashout **b** whisper **c** ask
- 8 In the next scene, Tina moved under the \_\_\_\_\_ of the palm trees. a cloud bshade c sand

# L®®k what I can do!

	🙂 yes	🙂 sometimes	🙁 not yet
I can listen to and discuss a film review.			
I can create scenes from a film.	* * *		
I can read and understand a film storyline.			



**1 Vocabulary Electronic gadgets** Match the words in the box with the pictures. Write the word under the picture.



### a memory stick





camera

d

- 2 Quiz Use the words from Activity 1 to complete the sentences.
  - 1 My favourite gadget has got to be my <u>camera</u> it to take photos and make little videos.
  - 2 The most important gadget for me at the moment is this little \_memory stick \_\_\_\_\_. I've saved the files for my history project on it and all my holiday photos.
  - music on it.

### tablet or smart phone

and play games.

Bridge to Success Grade 6 Activity Book Unit 4

tablet smartphone memory stick MP3 player camera









tablet

MP3 player

because I can use

**3** I can't live without my \_\_\_\_\_ MP3 player\_\_\_\_ because I can store loads of

4 It's got to be my \_\_\_\_\_\_ because I can use it to download apps



### 3 Write Think of another gadget.

Draw it in the space.

Now write quiz question number 5 about it for Activity 2. Can your partner guess what it is?

Learners' own answers.

# Lesson 2 Gadgets

- Talk about 20th century inventions in groups. 1 I In pairs choose three important gadgets. Make notes of reasons why they are important.
  - 2 Make a group of four with another pair. Compare your notes and decide why they are more important than the other items.
  - 3 Present your ideas to the class. As a class decide together on the three most important gadgets.

A: The most important gadget for me is a ... because ... B: That's true but ...



together on the three most important items from your list. Make notes of reasons



### Lesson 3 The history of the telephone

- 1 Use of English Complete the sentences with the correct form of the adjective in brackets. Remember to use than.
  - lighter than 1 Smartphones are the mobile phones of the 1980s. (light)
  - 2 Mobiles in the 1980s were heavier than \_ the phones today. (heavy)
  - 3 In 1970, a mobile phone was
- more expensive than \_\_\_\_\_ a smartphone is today.

### (expensive)

- 4 Luckily, a smartphone today is <u>cheaper than</u> an old phone! (cheap)
- 5 And it is <u>slimmer than</u> the old phones so mine will fit in my pocket! (slim)
- Talk How have telephones changed over the years? 2 Can you think of ways to improve them even more?

### Learners' own answers.



## Lesson 4 The history of gadgets

**1** Write Make sentences comparing the gadgets below. the MP3 player.



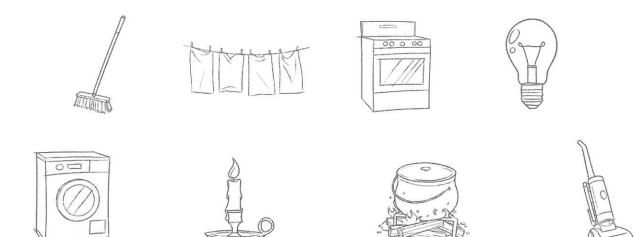
		2
	1 2012 	
	and or	
		*1
		2.47
10		

58

A stereo was bigger than an MP3 player. It was heavier to carry than



### Lesson 5 Old and modern



(21st Vocabulary Match the old activities and modern machines. Then label the pictures using words from the box.

oven candle light vacuum cleaner sweeping cooking clothes dryer light bulb hanging out clothes

Write Pick two items and write a sentence about the benefit of each modern item. 2

candle light - light bulb: It is easier to read with a light bulb because it is brighter than candle light.

sweeping/vacuum cleaner

cooking/oven

candle light/light bulb

hanging out clothes/ clothes dryer

# Lesson 6 My learning

Talk about it Think of three inventions you use every day. Write them in a list.

Think of two inventions that are not very useful. Write them in a list. Why do you think they are not useful? Does your partner agree with you?

# LOOk what I can do!

I can talk about my favourite gadget.

I can talk and write about what gadge were like in the past.

I can describe and compare useful gadgets, now and in the past.

I can write about an important invent

I can understand and ask questions ab my classmates' ideas.

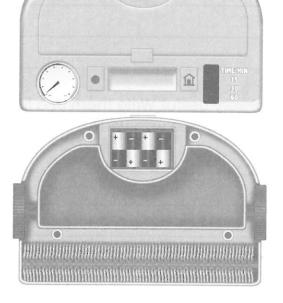
Why do you use them every day? What did people do before they were invented?

а.						
)	🙂 yes	😁 sometimes	😕 not yet			
ets						
tion.						
oout						

### Lesson 7 Ideas and inventions

1 Write Label the picture of the housework robot using the words in the box.

button dial battery timer



Collocations Make gadget collocations by matching the two parts of the phrases. 2

switch	the button		
plug	the battery		
charge	the dial		
set	the timer		
press	it in		
turn	it on		

- 3 Read the instructions for the housework robot. Then complete the sentences using word from Activity 1. Finally, put them in the correct order.
- 2 a Next, \_\_\_\_\_ set \_\_\_\_\_ the timer for half an hour by turning the the dial
- 1 b First of all, make sure you have charged the <u>the battery</u>.
- 3 c Finally, press the <u>button</u> to switch it <u>on</u>.

## Lesson 8 Old invention, new ideas

- 1 Read Are the following sentences true (T) or false (F)?
  - 1 Adeeb was in London when he had his great idea. T

  - 3 He will use a different shape to make it stronger. T
  - 4 He thinks it will be useful for people living in the UAE. F

### Language detective

What form do we use to talk about the future? We use will to refer to a specific time in the future: I will call you tomorrow morning.

### **10-year-old Emirati inventor**

LONDON // Even the wet British weather inspires the 10-year-old Emirati inventor, Adeeb Al Blooshi.

The young scientist is on a world tour to help him develop his other inventions, which include a prosthetic limb for his father and a housework robot for his mother.

During Adeeb's visit to London, his inventor's mind was thinking hard about one of Britain's biggest problems: the rain.

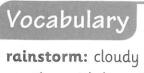
Adapted from: http://www.thenational.ae/uae/science/10-year-old-emirati-inventor-with-seven-patents-has-much-more-to-contribute

- 2 Use of English Complete the sentences about Adeeb and his new idea with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

  - 2 He \_\_\_\_\_ (use) a thick cloth to make it windproof.
  - strong wind.
  - 4 Adeeb knows it <u>won't be</u> (not be) very useful in Dubai because there is not much wind or rain
  - where the weather is often very windy and wet.

2 He got the idea after his umbrella broke in a rainstorm. F Vocabulary





weather with lots of rain, sometimes also thunder and

lightning

windproof: doesn't let the wind through

Caught in a rainstorm in the capital city of England, Adeeb's sister, Dana, was holding an umbrella that blew inside out because of the strong wind.

That made Adeeb think about how to create a windproof umbrella, with a different shape to make it much stronger. "They didn't sell umbrellas that have protection against the wind," he said. "So I'm working on that. But then again, in Dubai it's not going to be very useful. We don't have much rain. We have too much sun"

1 Adeeb \_\_\_\_\_\_ (*start*) drawing his new design when he returns to Dubai.

3 He thinks that if it has a different shape, it won't break (not break) in a

5 But he is sure it \_\_\_\_\_\_ (be) very popular with people living in London

### Lesson 9-10 Start Small, Think Big

- 1 Read Choose the correct answer.
  - 1 Hamed created the Umbrella Hat to **a** solve a practical problem.
    - b make people laugh.
  - 2 Hamed thinks that his Umbrella Hat is better than a normal umbrella because
    - a it protects you against the rain. **b** you don't have to use your hands to carry it.
  - 3 The lady tells Hamed to a fight back with the boys. **b** not listen to the boys.
  - 4 The lady wants to organise a competition to help children like Hamed to a show their clever ideas. b sell children's inventions in her shop.
- 2 Talk Discuss these questions about the story.
  - 1 What do you think about the way the al Barsha Boys behaved towards Hamed and his invention? How would you react to Hamed's invention?
  - 2 How did the lady react towards Hamed's invention?
  - 3 What important advice did the lady give Hamed?
  - 4 Why do you think Hamed felt better at the end?

1 They behaved badly. They laughed at him and made fun of his invention.

- 2 She was kind and interested in his invention.
- 3 She told Hamed not to care about what they boys said.
- 4 He believed his invention was good.

3 Use of English Change the adjectives into adverbs. Then complete the sentences about the story with the correct adverb.

careful wonderful happy calm quiet loud rough gentle quick

- 1 Hamed didn't want to damage the hat so he put it on his head carefully.
- 2 When he saw the boys, Hamed turned around to run home \_
- 3 Ali pulled the Umbrella Hat off Hamed's head
- was already damaged.
- 5 At the end, Hamed ran home <u>happily/quickly</u>
- 4 Look again at the sentences in Activity 3 and underline the verbs that the adverbs describe.
- C Talk When is it important to believe in yourself? Talk about the situations below and give reasons. Think of other situations.
  - When you are doing an exam
- When you are trying something new
- When you are in a competition

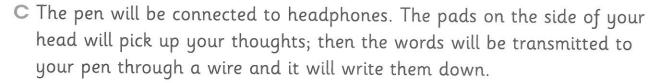
quickly roughly 4 The lady took the hat from Hamed \_\_\_\_\_\_ because she could see it

### Lesson 11 Bright ideas

1 Use of English Complete Bassam's presentation with will/won't and a verb from the box.

not have to make like improve be do change not get

- A Hello everyone. Today I'm going to describe my idea for an invention. It \_\_\_\_\_\_ ill change <sup>(1)</sup> the way we do our homework. It will improve <sup>(2)</sup> our school work and exam results too!
- B My idea is called the Brain Pen. It is a pen that is powered by your brainwaves. You won't need to hold the pen - you just think about what you want to write and the pen will write it for you. The pen will write as fast or as slowly as you will be (3) want it to. You more relaxed when you do your work because you \_\_\_\_\_\_ won't have to (4) write with your own hand!



- D This invention \_\_\_\_\_\_ will make \_\_\_\_\_ (5) our school work easier because we won't need to worry about writing quickly or neatly. If you have a lot of writing to do, your hand <u>won't get</u> <sup>(6)</sup> tired because the Brain Pen will do all the work
- E To sum up, I think both kids and adults \_\_\_\_\_ will Like \_\_<sup>(7)</sup> my idea. It will be good for people who write on laptops all the time and find writing by hand too slow. But sometimes you have to write by hand and this will do <sup>(8)</sup> the job for you!

- 2 Read the presentation again and match the sections A-E with a heading.
  - 1 Why people need this invention \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 Introduction A
  - 3 How you use the invention \_\_\_\_\_
  - 4 A summary of the idea \_\_\_\_\_
  - 5 Description of the idea \_\_\_\_
- Write Sort the words to make five questions from Bassam's audience after his presentation. Answer the questions in your notebook.
  - 1 will / how / mistakes / correct / Brain Pen / the ? How will the Brain Pen correct mistakes?
  - 2 handwriting / what / like / will / the / look ? What will the handwriting look like?
  - 3 wear / will / the / comfortable / headphones / be / to ? Will the headphones be comfortable to wear?
  - 4 electricity / will / the / use / pen ? Will the pen use electricity?
  - 5 will / how / Brain Pen / cost / much / the ? How much will the Brain Pen cost?
- 4 Write two more questions to ask Bassam about the Brain Pen.





# Lesson 12 My learning

1 Control Talk Look at the diagram. What is this invention for? Describe how it works to your partner.

First, you plug it in, then...

### Speaking tip

When you describe a process, think about where it starts and ends.

- 2 Do you think this is a useful invention?Why/why not? Do you think you can improve it? Tell your partner.
- **3** Write a short paragraph describing the invention, like those in the Listening activity on page 84 of the Learner's Book. You should say:
  - what it looks like
- what it is for
- how it works

# LOOk what I can do!

	🙂 yes	🙂 sometimes	😕 not yet
I can read about and discuss a real-life young inventor.			
I can listen to and understand a fictional story about a young inventor.			
I can read and compare different types of one particular invention (umbrella).			
I can listen to and understand advertisements for future inventions.	*		
I can write a paragraph about a future invention.			

