

*للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع الصفوف وجميع المواد اضغط هنا

https://almanahj.com/ae

* للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع مواد الصف العاشر العام اضغط هنا * للحصول على الفصول, اضغط هنا * للحصول على جميع أوراق الصف العاشر العام في مادة فيزياء ولجميع الفصول, اضغط هنا * https://almanahj.com/ae/10physics

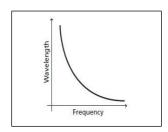
* للحصول على أوراق عمل لجميع مواد الصف العاشر العام في مادة فيزياء الخاصة بـ الفصل الأول اضغط هنا https://almanahj.com/ae/10physics1

* لتحميل كتب جميع المواد في جميع الفصول للـ الصف العاشر العام اضغط هنا

* لتحميل جميع ملفات المدرس جهاد علي اضغط هنا

للتحدث إلى بوت المناهج على تلغرام: اضغط هنا bot_almanahj/me.t//:https

3-The graph shows the relationship between the frequency and wavelength of light waves.



Which type of relationship do the two variables exhibit?

A inverse

B linear

C parabolic

D quadratic

4. The speed of an ostrich is measured to be 63 km/h. Using correct significant figures, what is this speed in meters per second?

A 17 m/s

B 17.5 m/s

C 18 m/s

D 18.5 m/s

-Ming estimated the average velocity of a vehicle to be 26.82 ± 0.20 m/s. Four other students also estimated the average velocity of the vehicle. Their estimates are shown in the table. *Use the table to answer problems* 6 and 7.

6-Which student's estimate is more precise?

A student 1

B student 2

C student 3

D student 4

Student	Estimate (m/s)
1	25.34 ± 0.25
2	26.42 ± 11.5
3	27.15 ± 11.5
4	27.22 ± 11.5

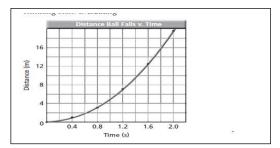
7-Which student's estimate is more accurate?

A student 1

B-Student 2

C- student 3

D- Student 4



8-The graph above shows a nonlinear relationship. Which equation below best represents the graph shown above?

A
$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

B
$$y = \frac{x}{a}$$

$$\mathbf{C} \quad y = ax^2 + bx + a$$

$$\mathbf{D} \quad m = \frac{\Delta y^2}{\Delta x^2}$$

9- convert 10 cm to km

A-0.001Km

B-0.0001Km

C-0.01Km

d-0.00001km

10) 6.744+7.48+7.10=

Select the answer to this calculation, expressed to the correct precision

A-21.3

B-21

C-21.324

D-21.32

11) 5.667 X 8.33

Select the answer to this calculation, expressed to the correct precision

A- 47

B) 47.2

B- 47.22

D) 47.223

12-State the number of significant figures in each of the following measurement

A-0.056:

B- 6000:

C- 6x10⁸ m:

D-506000:

E-0.550000:

F-3.14±0.2S

13-



Select the measurement with uncertainty of the volume of liquid in this conical flask.

0	100 mL ± 25 mL

0	100 mL ± 12.5 mL

O 125 mL ± 12.5 mL

O 125 mL ± 25 mL

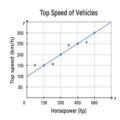
14-



Select the measurement with uncertainty of volume of liquid in this beaker.

O 200 mL ± 50 mL	O 200 L ± 25 mL
O 200 mL ± 25 L	O 200 L ± 25 mL
O 200 ml + 25 ml	

15-



What is the most appropriate equation for the line of best fit for this graph?

$\bigcirc y = \frac{x}{2} + 100$	$\bigcirc y = \frac{x}{3} + 100$
$O y = \frac{x}{3} - 100$	$y = \frac{x}{2} - 100$

16-FILL THE TABLE

BASE QUANTITY	BASE UNITE
Length(L)	
MASS(m)	
Time(t)	
Temperature(T)	
Amount of a	
substance	
Electric current	
Luminous intensity	



17-The measurement shown on the figure above include the uncertainty in your answer

A- 12.24±0.05V

B-12.24±0.04V

C-12.24±0.5V

D-12.24±0.005V

Referee to the figure above (Ans 18,19) 18-What is the precision of the

instrument?





19-The measurement shown on the figure above include the uncertainty in your answer

A-30±2 C

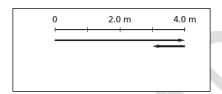
B-30±1 C

C)30±0.5C

D)30±0.25C

Use the graph to answer problems 1 and 2.

The lines on the graph represent displacement vectors for the route along which a person moves.



1. What is the total distance traveled?

A 3.0 m B 4.0 m

C 5.0 m D 6.0 m

2. What is the person's displacement for the trip?

c- 4.0m D 5.0m

B- 3.0m

3. Which is a vector quantity?

A distance

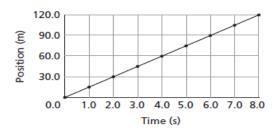
A 0.0 m

B position

C time

D velocity

4. The position-time graph represents part of a car trip along a straight road.



What is the average velocity of the car for

the first 8.0 s?

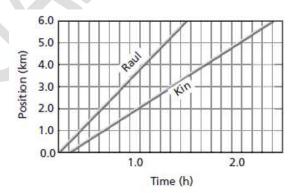
A 20 m/s

B 15m/s

C 12 m/s

D 8m/s

Use the following graph to answer problems 5 and 6



5. The position-time graph represents two walkers. Which walker is the faster one? How do you know?

A Raul, because according to the graph, he started first.

B Kin, because his position-time graph looks longer.

C Raul, because the slope of his position time is steeper, meaning he goes farther in a given time period.

D Kin, because the area under his graph is greater.

6-Which equation below best represents the average velocity of the walker, Raul.

$$\mathbf{A} \quad v = \frac{4 \text{ km}}{1 \text{ h}}$$

$$\mathbf{B} \quad v = \frac{1 \text{ h}}{4 \text{ km}}$$

$$\mathbf{C} \quad v = \frac{5 \text{ km}}{2 \text{ h}}$$

$$\mathbf{D} \quad v = \frac{1 \text{ km}}{2 \text{ h}}$$

7-A bus leaves the terminal and travels for $120 \, s$ at an average velocity of $10.0 \, m/s$ before it stops at its first destination. How far from the terminal is the first destination?

A 10 m

 $\textbf{B}\ 12\ m$

C 120 m

D 1200 m

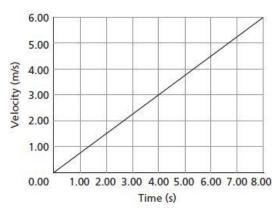
8. A bicyclist maintains a constant velocity of 4.0 m/s for a distance of 480 m. How long does it take the bicyclist to travel this distance?

 $\textbf{A}\,8\,s$

B 120 s **C** 476 s

D 1920 s

1. The graph shows the velocity of a bicycle as the rider moves away from a curb.



Based on the slope of the graph, what is the average acceleration of the bicycle?

A 6.00 m/s2

B 3.00 m/s2

C 1.33 m/s2

D 0.750 m/s2

2. A car's velocity decreases from 22.0 m/s to 10.0 m/s over a period of 3.0 s. What is the car's average acceleration?

A_4.0 m/s2

B _3.0 m/s2

c 3.0 m/s2

D 4.0 m/s2

3. If a sprinter accelerates from rest at a constant rate of 2.0 m/s2, how fast will she be running after 4.0 s?

A 8.0 m/s

B 4.0 m/s

c 2.0 m/s

D 0.5 m/s

4. A graph shows position as a function of time for an object moving with constant acceleration. What does the slope of the graph represents?

A acceleration

B displacement

C time

D velocity

5. A pebble falls from a bridge into the river below. If the pebble falls for 1.20 s, what is its velocity when it hits the water?

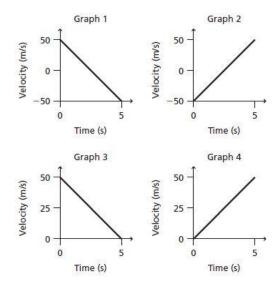
A_8.17 m/s

B_8.40 m/s

c_11.0 m/s

D_11.8 m/

Use the graphs to answer questions 6 and 7.



- **6.** Which graph might represent the acceleration of a jet plane moving down a runway from a rest position?
- A Graph 1
- B Graph 2
- **c** Graph 3
- **D** Graph 4
- **7.** Which graph might show the velocity of a ball that is thrown straight up into the air and allowed to fall freely to the ground?
- **A** Graph 1 B-Graph2
- **B** Graph 3 D-Graph 4
- **8.** A car with an initial displacement of 10.0 m and an initial velocity of 16.0 m/s accelerates at an average rate of 0.50 m/s2 for 4.0 s. What is the car's displacement after 4.0 s?
- A 68 m
- **B** 78 m
- **C** 82 m
- **D** 88 m
- **9.** A racing cyclist is traveling at 5.36m/s when she speeds up with a constant acceleration of 0.67 m/s2. What is her velocity after 5.00 s?
- **A** 3.4 m/s^2
- **B** 8.611m/s
- **c** 6.38m/s
- **D** 140 m/s2

_____ is the change in velocity divided by the time needed for the change to occur.

- A) Displacement
- B) Average velocity
- C) Average acceleration
- D) Speed

Acceleration describes the rate of change in

- A) position
 - B) velocity
 - C) mass
 - D) gravity

means that equal displacements occur during successive equal time intervals.

- A) Average speed
- B) Uniform motion
- C) Average acceleration
- D) Uniform acceleration

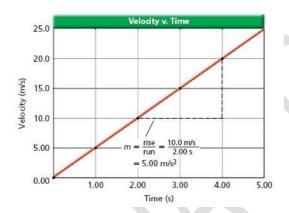
If a car travels 100 km in a straight line in the first hour of its trip, 100 km in a straight line in the next hour, and continues in this way, its motion is

- A) accelerated
- B) dynamic
- C) irregular
- D) uniform

The slope of the line tangent to the curve on a velocity-time graph at a specific instant of time is the ______.

- A) average velocity
- B) instantaneous velocity
- C) instantaneous acceleration
- D) displacement

If the motion in the figure below continued on at that same acceleration, what would the object's speed be at t = 10.00 s?

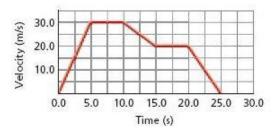


- A) 25.0 m/s
- B) 100.0 m/s
- C) 50.0 m/s
- D) 40.0 m/s

How far does a car travel in 30.0 s while its velocity is changing from 50.0 km/h to 80.0 km/h at a uniform rate of acceleration?

- A) 1.95×10^3 m
- B) 252 m
- C) 5.41×10^2
- D) $1.08 \times 10^3 \text{ m}$

In the figure below, what is the displacement of the object between 0.0 and 5.0 s



- A) 75.0 m
- B) 5.0 m
- C) 150.0 m
- D) 30.0 m

A car with a velocity of 30 m/s accelerates uniformly at the rate of 2.0 m/s2 for 10 s. What is its final velocity?

- A) 50 m/s2
- B) 40 m/s2
- C) 40 m/s
- D) 50 m/s

How long will it take an airplane at rest that accelerates uniformly at 2.5 m/s2 to reach the ground velocity of 7.0×101 m/s that is required for take off?

- A) 28 s
- B) 35 s
- C) 11 s
- D) 4 s

A car accelerates uniformly at a rate of 0.50 m/s 2 for 1.0×10 1 s. Its final velocity is 23 m/s. What is the initial velocity?

- A) 18 m/s^2
- B) 28 m/s
- C) 28 m/s²
- D) 18 m/s

What is the minimum length runway needed to accommodate airplanes that can accelerate uniformly at 2.7 m/s2 and must reach a ground velocity of 64 m/s before they can take off?

- A) 7.6×10^2 m
- B) $1.5 \times 10^2 \text{ m}$
- C) 7.6×10^3 m
- D) 1.5×10³ m

A 75-kg swimmer steps off a 10.0-m tower. What is the swimmer's velocity on hitting the water?

- A) -14.0 m/s
- B) 27.1 m/s
- C) 38.3 m/s
- D) 0.25 m/s

A ball falls freely from rest for 15.0 s. Calculate the ball's velocity after 15.0 s.

- A) -78 m/s
- B) 78 m/s
- C) 0 m/s
- D) -147 m/s

A tennis ball is dropped from 1.5 m above the ground, . What is the ball's velocity when it hits the ground

- A) -5.4 m/s
- B) -5.4 m/s
- C) -3.8 m/s
- D) 3.8 m/s

Displacement is a change in _____

- A) speed
- B) position
- C) velocity
- D) distance